



Final Approved Suite  
National Occupational Standards

# **Event Security Operations**

March 2013

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### Key purpose

The establishment of a safe and secure event through the provision of a professional service for all stakeholders\*

*\*Stakeholders – encompasses; patrons, event managers, sponsors*

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### Overview

These Standards define the competencies required to carry out the functions carried out by those who are employed in the Event Security Sector.

The NOS are intended as a high level strategic overview of the competencies required to fulfil the tasks required in the workplace. The NOS are not designed to describe specific roles; role definitions are normally based on a number of the functions and therefore a number of the standards.

There is no expectation, therefore, that a job role would encompass all the performance requirements across every standard, rather that specific jobs utilise appropriate standards.

The standards have been devised based on best practice for the definition of NOS. Each comprises a number of performance criteria which an individual should demonstrate to be competent in the sector. Each standard also has underpinning knowledge and understanding, although in the NOS there is not an immediate and direct relationship between an individual performance criterion and a knowledge and/or understanding statement; the latter underpin the whole of the standard.

It should be noted that the approach to working may differ across the four nations of the UK. The NOS have been written to enable any differences to be accommodated and to enable different terminology to be applied as appropriate. However, regardless of the national context, at the heart of work is to establish a safe and secure event through the provision of a professional service for all stakeholders.

**NOS Contents**

<b>Technical NOS</b>	
<b>No</b>	<b>Title</b>
<b>SFS EVS 1</b> Support the planning of an event	Support the planning of an event
<b>SFS EVS 2</b> Develop a strategic plan for the provision of event security	Develop a strategic plan for the provision of event security
<b>SFS EVS 3</b> Respond to an occurrence during an event	Gather information and plan a response
	Respond to occurrences
<b>SFS EVS 4</b> Deal with people suspected of committing an offence during an event	Apprehend suspected people
	Detention of suspected people
	Preserve the integrity of potential evidence
<b>SFS EVS 5</b> Develop operational plans and policies for event security	Develop operational plans for event security
	Develop operational policies for event security
<b>SFS EVS 6</b> Implement operational plans and policies for event security	Implement operational plans for event security
	Implement operational policies for event security
<b>SFS EVS 7</b> Control the movement of people at an event	Control the ingress of people at an event
	Control the movement of people at an event
	Control the egress of people at an event
<b>SFS EVS 8</b> Conduct searches of people and their property before entering an event	Search people and their property for unauthorised items
	Respond to finding unauthorised items
<b>SFS EVS 9</b> Reduce and manage conflict at events	Help avoid conflict
	Defuse and resolve conflict
	Deal with challenging behaviour
<b>SFS EVS 10</b> Respond to emergencies during an event	Respond to emergencies during an event
<b>SFS EVS 11</b> Provide information and advice during an event	Provide information and advice to individuals
	Assist individuals to resolve complaints

### NOS Contents

Imported NOS	
No	Title
SKA A42	Provide information to support decision making
SKA A41	Manage information for action
SKA A22	Manage the use of physical resources
SKA C211	Monitor spectators and deal with crowd problems
CFAM&LFA5	Manage projects
CFAM&LFA4	Manage programmes
CFAM&LEA3	Manage the use of financial resources
CFAM&LBB1	Manage risks to your organisation
CFACSB2	Deliver reliable customer service
SFJCCAD1	Develop, maintain and evaluate business continuity plans and arrangements
SFJCCAC1	Develop, maintain and evaluate emergency plans and arrangements
CCSCCS17	Contribute to safeguarding children, young people and vulnerable adults

Common Core NOS – Skills for Security	
No	Title
SFS 1 / WRV 2	Protect yourself from the risk of violence at work
SFS 2 / HSS1	Make sure your own actions reduce risks to health and safety
SFS 3 / HSS4	Promote a healthy and safe culture in the workplace
SFS 4	Communicate effectively with others
SFS 5	Give a positive image of yourself
SFS 6	Work effectively with other agencies
SFS 9 / D2	Develop productive working relationships with colleagues and stakeholders
SFS 10 / B5	Provide leadership for your team
SFS 11 / B8	Ensure compliance with legal, regulatory, ethical and social requirements
SFS 13 / A2	Manage your own resources and professional development
SFS 14	Promote equality and value diversity
SFS 16	Assess and address risk to the environment
SFS 17	Use radio communication effectively
SFS 19 / AG12	Report writing

## SFS EVS 1

### Support the planning of an event



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#### Overview

This NOS sets out the skills, knowledge and understanding for you to gather the relevant information to develop an event profile.

# SFS EVS 1

## Support the planning of an event

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### Performance criteria

*You must be able to:*

- P1 liaise with all relevant people to enable you to produce a retrievable plan that clearly identifies the sequence and duration of activities, and the allocation of resources
- P2 create a timeline and allocate sufficient time to each stage in the event process to enable objectives to be met and for resources to be used effectively
- P3 liaise closely with relevant people involved with the planning and scheduling of event activities
- P4 identify and take account of factors which are likely to cause delays and cancellations to event activities
- P5 make realistic contingency plans to deal with any delays and cancellations which may arise
- P6 obtain the necessary permissions and clearances
- P7 check that event plans and schedules are accurate and that they contain all the essential information
- P8 present plans and schedules clearly, and distribute them promptly to all relevant people
- P9 encourage relevant people to identify and express any concerns they have about the feasibility of plans and schedules
- P10 suggest realistic solutions, when difficulties in implementing the plan are identified
- P11 communicate changes to schedules promptly to all relevant people
- P12 contribute to the creation and maintenance of the event plan and refer to it at all times
- P13 identify and prioritise key performance measures and methods for monitoring and evaluating the strategy
- P14 identify resource requirements of the event

# SFS EVS 1

## Support the planning of an event

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 the required sequence and likely duration of activities in the different stages of the event process
- K2 the importance of the timeline
- K3 factors which affect the way activities are timetabled
- K4 the nature and relative importance of activities which occur in the different stages of the event process
- K5 how different event environments, types and scales of event are likely to affect the scheduling of activities
- K6 the plans in place to deal with the types of situations that can occur and require contingency planning between relevant organisations
- K7 factors that should be included in the retrievable event plan
- K8 the sorts of difficulties that might arise in implementing the plan, and how these may be resolved
- K9 who needs to be informed of changes to a event plan
- K10 the importance of the event plan
- K11 how and why to identify and prioritise the key performance measures and methods for monitoring and evaluating the strategy
- K12 how and why it is important to identify resource requirements of the event
- K13 identify the roles and responsibilities of relevant people and organisations
- K14 the appropriate format, accessibility and distribution of the event plan

# SFS EVS 1

## Support the planning of an event

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### Glossary

In these National Occupational Standards;

**event plan:** event timetable, schedule

# SFS EVS 1

## Support the planning of an event

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<b>Developed by</b>	Skills for Security
<b>Version number</b>	1
<b>Date approved</b>	March 2013
<b>Indicative review date</b>	March 2016
<b>Validity</b>	Current
<b>Status</b>	Original
<b>Originating organisation</b>	Skills for Security
<b>Original URN</b>	SFS EVS 1
<b>Relevant occupations</b>	Elementary Occupations; Elementary Security Occupations
<b>Suite</b>	Event Security Operations
<b>Key words</b>	event; concert; gig; show; performance; planning; schedules; resources

## SFS EVS 2

### Develop a strategic plan for the provision of event security



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#### Overview

This NOS sets out the skills, knowledge and understanding for you to determine the strategic priorities, upon which the resources for providing Event Security are to be focused, and developing and implementing an associated strategic plan for the delivery of the relevant services.

This standard is recommended for managers whose responsibilities include developing strategy for the provision of event security.

## SFS EVS 2

### Develop a strategic plan for the provision of event security

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#### Performance criteria

*You must be able to:*

- P1 identify and prioritise strategic objectives for the provision of event security which are consistent with the organisation's financial objectives and business strategy and requirements for corporate social responsibility
- P2 assess strategic options towards achieving the objectives and document suggestions considered but not adopted
- P3 identify and assess relevant market, competitor, stakeholder and business risks associated with the options considered
- P4 balance the identified risks with the desired outcomes
- P5 explore and assess the opportunity for possible partnerships and affiliations towards achieving the strategy
- P6 agree a strategy which builds upon the preferred option(s), including specific and relevant objectives
- P7 identify and prioritise key performance measures and methods for monitoring and evaluating the strategy, establishing whether these require to be outsourced
- P8 identify the actions and resources required to implement the agreed strategy, with a timescale for undertaking the actions identified
- P9 communicate the strategic plan, and gain commitment to their achievement from all relevant stakeholders
- P10 maintain accurate and up to date retrievable records and documentation, in line with your organisation's requirements
- P11 create a statement of intent outlining clear actions, accountabilities, boundaries of responsibilities and milestones

## SFS EVS 2

### Develop a strategic plan for the provision of event security

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#### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 current relevant legislation, regulations, codes of practice, guidelines and organisational requirements relating to developing strategic plans for the provision of event security, and their impact for your area of operations
- K2 the role of your organisation and that of other organisations involved in event security services in your area
- K3 your organisation's overall strategy relevant to the provision of event security
- K4 the limits of your authority and responsibility, and the actions to take should these be exceeded
- K5 relevant national and local initiatives, and their impact for providing event security in your area
- K6 the factors affecting the demand for event security in your local area
- K7 the importance of long and medium-term planning to the success of an organisation
- K8 the principles of strategic planning
- K9 the topics to be addressed within a strategic plan for event security
- K10 the customers needs and expectations relating to event security
- K11 how to identify potential risks in relation to the achievements of objectives
- K12 how to develop a statement of intent outlining clear actions, accountabilities, boundaries of responsibilities and milestones
- K13 how to delegate responsibility and allocate resources to support a strategic plan
- K14 how to develop contingency plans to address risks and changing circumstances
- K15 the importance of consulting with colleagues and other stakeholders during the development of the strategic plan, and how to do this effectively
- K16 how to develop measures and methods for monitoring and evaluating performance against the strategic plan, including key performance indicators
- K17 sources of information to assist in monitoring and evaluation of the strategic plan

## SFS EVS 2

### Develop a strategic plan for the provision of event security

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#### Glossary

In these National Occupational Standards;

**statement of intent:** a written statement expressing the intention of the undersigned to enter into a formal agreement, especially a business arrangement or transaction

## SFS EVS 2

Develop a strategic plan for the provision of event security

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<b>Version number</b>	1
<b>Date approved</b>	March 2013
<b>Indicative review date</b>	March 2016
<b>Validity</b>	Current
<b>Status</b>	Original
<b>Originating organisation</b>	Skills for Security
<b>Original URN</b>	SFS EVS 2
<b>Relevant occupations</b>	Elementary Occupations; Elementary Security Occupations
<b>Suite</b>	Event Security Operations
<b>Key words</b>	strategic priorities; developing; implementing; delivery; services

# SFS EVS 3

## Respond to an occurrence during an event



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### Overview

This NOS sets out the skills, knowledge and understanding for you to provide an initial response to occurrences.

This NOS covers the following activities:

1. Gather information and plan a response
2. Respond to occurrences

This NOS applies to all people responding to occurrences.

# SFS EVS 3

## Respond to an occurrence during an event

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### Performance criteria

#### Gather accurate information and plan a response

*You must be able to:*

- P1 assess the nature of the occurrence based on the available information
- P2 obtain any necessary additional information in order to determine the appropriate response to the occurrence
- P3 prioritise and plan your actions according to the nature of the occurrence
- P4 respond to the occurrence within the appropriate timescales and according to current policy
- P5 provide the necessary information to others regarding the occurrence

#### Respond to occurrences

*You must be able to:*

- P6 take into account the health and safety of yourself and others during the occurrence
- P7 communicate any required information and intelligence to others attending the scene of the occurrence
- P8 identify and prioritise any casualties, providing any necessary assistance
- P9 deal with individuals in an ethical manner, recognising their needs with respect to race, diversity and human rights
- P10 take control of occurrences in accordance with current policy
- P11 challenge and deal appropriately with any unacceptable behaviour
- P12 use appropriate personal safety skills in accordance with current policy, legislation and training
- P13 liaise and communicate effectively and accurately with other agencies or partnerships relevant to the occurrence
- P14 identify and request any other resources required for the occurrence
- P15 identify and record any information, intelligence and sources from the occurrence
- P16 take any necessary steps to protect the scene of the occurrence and preserve evidence
- P17 fully document all data, decisions, actions, options and rationale in accordance with current policy and legislation, and submit for supervision within agreed timescales
- P18 document options considered but not adopted

# SFS EVS 3

## Respond to an occurrence during an event

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

#### Legal and organisational requirements

- K1 current relevant legislation, regulation, codes of practice and guidelines for responding to occurrences
- K2 current relevant legislation and organisational requirements in relation to health and safety
- K3 the importance of adhering to national guidelines relating to working appropriately with children and young people

#### Information and intelligence gathering

*You need to know and understand:*

- K4 how to gather and assess information about an occurrence
- K5 how to use information and intelligence to plan your response
- K6 how to identify potential intelligence sources

#### Liaison and communication with others

*You need to know and understand:*

- K7 how to communicate effectively and accurately
- K8 the types of specialists that may need to be brought into the occurrence
- K9 the types of other agencies that may be involved in the occurrence
- K10 systems and protocols for communicating with other agencies

#### The local community

*You need to know and understand:*

- K11 the composition and diversity of the local community

#### Responding to occurrences

*You need to know and understand:*

- K12 the types of occurrences you are likely to attend, including; crime, non-crime and traffic
- K13 the procedures for responding to different types of occurrences
- K14 your role and the courses of action to take in the event of a critical occurrence
- K15 how to provide support to victims, witnesses and other individuals at the occurrence
- K16 the type of support you can provide to victims, witnesses and other individuals at the occurrence
- K17 how to deal with suspects who may have been involved in the occurrence
- K18 how to challenge and deal with unacceptable behaviour
- K19 the personal safety techniques (including the use of force) that may be lawfully used and when it is appropriate to use them
- K20 how to identify and take into account the health and safety of self and others
- K21 how to administer first aid within the limits of your training
- K22 how to protect the scene of an occurrence and preserve evidence

# SFS EVS 3

## Respond to an occurrence during an event

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### Documentation

*You need to know and understand:*

- K23 the types of documentation that must be completed
- K24 how to complete occurrence related documentation
- K25 the timescales within which documentation must be completed, filed and forwarded to others

## SFS EVS 3

### Respond to an occurrence during an event

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#### Glossary

In these National Occupational Standards;

**occurrence:** an unplanned incident or happening

## SFS EVS 3

### Respond to an occurrence during an event

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<b>Developed by</b>	Skills for Security
<b>Version number</b>	1
<b>Date approved</b>	March 2013
<b>Indicative review date</b>	March 2016
<b>Validity</b>	Current
<b>Status</b>	Original
<b>Originating organisation</b>	Skills for Security
<b>Original URN</b>	SFS EVS 3
<b>Relevant occupations</b>	Elementary Occupations; Elementary Security Occupations
<b>Suite</b>	Event Security Operations
<b>Key words</b>	security; event; occurrence; information; response

## SFS EVS 4

# Deal with people suspected of committing an offence during an event



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### Overview

This NOS sets out the skills, knowledge and understanding for you to deal with people suspected of committing an offence.

This NOS covers the following activities:

1. Apprehend suspected people
2. Detention of suspected people
3. Preserve the integrity of potential evidence

# SFS EVS 4

## Deal with people suspected of committing an offence during an event

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### Performance criteria

#### Apprehend suspected people

*You must be able to:*

- P1 confirm that you have sufficient and valid evidence to apprehend people suspected of committing or having committed an offence
- P2 take appropriate action to apprehend suspects that is within the constraints of the law and in line with your operational instructions
- P3 follow your instructions and relevant codes of practice when apprehending suspects, particularly related to what you say to them
- P4 protect scenes of crime and potential evidence, following approved policies, procedures and guidelines
- P5 ensure the health, safety and welfare of yourself, others and the suspect, when apprehending suspects
- P6 inform the relevant people and authorities that you have apprehended a suspect, in line with your instructions and within required timescales
- P7 complete the required records relevant to the circumstances when you apprehend suspects, accurately, legibly and as soon as practicable
- P8 ensure that all witnesses are correctly identified and contactable

#### Detention of suspected people

*You must be able to:*

- P9 allow suspects their legal rights at all times while you detain them
- P10 follow approved procedures for segregating and accompanying suspects
- P11 follow approved policies and procedures and guidelines when detaining people
- P12 ensure suspects do not destroy or dispose of potential evidence
- P13 ensure the health, safety and welfare of yourself, others and the suspect, while detaining suspects, including searching them and their possessions for weapons in line with your organisation's policies and procedures
- P14 perform a correct hand over of suspects to the relevant authority, giving clear and concise details of detentions, in line with your instructions and within required timescales
- P15 complete the required records relevant to the details of detentions, fully, accurately, legibly and within required timescales

#### Preserve the integrity of potential evidence

*You must be able to:*

- P16 take all reasonable precautions to prevent potential evidence from being lost or removed by unauthorised people
- P17 take all reasonable precautions to prevent potential evidence from being contaminated
- P18 prevent access to a scene of a suspected offence to unauthorised people
- P19 make sure that no alterations to a scene of a suspected offence are made
- P20 ensure that all witnesses are correctly identified and contact details

## SFS EVS 4

### Deal with people suspected of committing an offence during an event

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- obtained
- P21 complete the required records, accurately, legibly and within required timescales

# SFS EVS 4

## Deal with people suspected of committing an offence during an event

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

#### Legal and organisational requirements

- K1 current relevant legislation, regulations, codes of practice and guidelines relating to arresting and apprehending people
- K2 your instructions and the codes of practice relevant to apprehending suspects
- K3 current relevant legislation, regulations, codes of practice and guidelines relating to arrest and detaining people
- K4 current relevant legislation, regulations, codes of practice and guidelines relating to preserving the integrity of potential evidence

#### Apprehend suspected people

*You need to know and understand:*

- K5 the implications of wrongful arrest and the necessary actions thereafter
- K6 the situations where you are allowed to apprehend suspects and the limits of your authority
- K7 the concept of reasonable force, and when and how it may be used to apprehend suspects
- K8 which authorities you should inform that you have apprehended a suspect and how to contact these authorities
- K9 the importance of identifying any witnesses and effecting their co-operation
- K10 how and why it is important to make full and accurate notebook entries and records as soon as practicable
- K11 how and why it is important to record full details when force is used

#### Detention of suspected people

*You need to know and understand:*

- K12 where the dedicated detention area is and how it must be maintained within your organisation's policies and procedures
- K13 the current law relating to the rights of suspects, including the restrictions on your searching them or their possessions
- K14 the implications of unlawful arrest
- K15 your instructions relating to detaining suspects, particularly with regard to your and their safety and well being
- K16 why and how you should monitor suspects to prevent their escaping or destroying potential evidence
- K17 which authority you should inform that you have detained a suspect and how to contact these authorities
- K18 how and why to restrain suspects using appropriate and approved techniques and devices with reasonable force
- K19 the implications of the use of restraint techniques

## SFS EVS 4

### Deal with people suspected of committing an offence during an event

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#### Preserve the integrity of potential evidence

*You need to know and understand:*

- K20 your responsibility to look after potential evidence and what you should do to preserve this evidence
- K21 what constitutes potential evidence, including anything said by suspects
- K22 what actions you can take to preserve potential evidence
- K23 the importance of identifying any witnesses and effecting their co-operation
- K24 how and why it is important to make full and accurate notebook entries and records soon as practicable
- K25 how and why to preserve a crime scene and evidence
- K26 how and why it is important to restrict access to a crime scene
- K27 how and why it is important to identify and preserve evidence and record accurate details at the time you apprehend suspects and thereafter preserve the 'chain of evidence' or 'audit trail'

## SFS EVS 4

### Deal with people suspected of committing an offence during an event

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<b>Developed by</b>	Skills for Security
<b>Version number</b>	1
<b>Date approved</b>	March 2013
<b>Indicative review date</b>	March 2016
<b>Validity</b>	Current
<b>Status</b>	Original
<b>Originating organisation</b>	Skills for Security
<b>Original URN</b>	SFS EVS 4
<b>Relevant occupations</b>	Elementary Occupations; Elementary Security Occupations
<b>Suite</b>	Event Security Operations
<b>Key words</b>	security; event; offence; apprehend; detain, detention; suspect; evidence

## SFS EVS 5

# Develop operational plans and policies for event security



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### Overview

This NOS sets out the skills, knowledge and understanding for you to develop operational plans and policies.

This NOS covers the following activities:

1. Develop operational plans for event security
2. Develop operational policies for event security

# SFS EVS 5

## Develop operational plans and policies for event security

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### Performance criteria

#### Develop operational plans for event security

*You must be able to:*

- P1 balance new ideas with tried and tested solutions
- P2 balance risk with desired outcomes
- P3 make sure your plans are consistent with the objectives of your area of responsibility
- P4 make sure your plan is flexible and complements related areas of work
- P5 develop and assign objectives to people together with the associated resources

#### Develop operational policies for event security

*You must be able to:*

- P6 involve organisations and individuals who have the information and expertise to make a positive contribution to the policy
- P7 make sure the draft policy is based on objective research into relevant factors
- P8 make sure the draft policy is in line with the objectives and values of the organisation or report any inconsistencies to the appropriate person
- P9 make sure the draft policy is consistent with relevant legislation and identified best practice
- P10 make sure the draft policy balances the interests of the organisation's key stakeholders
- P11 agree the draft policy with all those organisations and individuals who have been involved
- P12 identify all those organisations and individuals who should be consulted on the policy
- P13 agree consultation methods and a schedule that are consistent with the needs of the organisation, and enable all those with an interest to make a useful contribution
- P14 carry out the consultation methods as agreed
- P15 collate and objectively analyse all inputs to the consultation
- P16 provide a report on the consultation that presents all inputs and makes recommendations that fairly reflect these inputs
- P17 agree the final policy with those who were involved in drafting it

# SFS EVS 5

## Develop operational plans and policies for event security

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

### Legal and organisational requirements

- K1 current relevant legislation, regulations, standards and codes of practice relating to your sector

### Develop operational plans for event security

*You need to know and understand:*

- K2 principles and methods of short to medium-term planning
- K3 the importance of creativity and innovation in operational planning
- K4 how to develop and assign objectives which are SMART (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Realistic and Time-bound)
- K5 how to analyse and manage a risk assessment based approach
- K6 how to develop and plan for contingencies
- K7 principles and methods of delegation
- K8 how to use resources effectively to achieve objectives
- K9 how to consult with colleagues and other key stakeholders
- K10 partners, and their strategies and plans
- K11 the overall vision of your organisation and the goals you are responsible for achieving with regard to best practice
- K12 colleagues and other key stakeholders, and their needs and expectations
- K13 procedures for reporting and making recommendations

### Develop operational policies for event security

*You need to know and understand:*

- K14 why organisations need policies on certain issues and the types of issues that the organisation should have policies for
- K15 your organisation's and others relevant policies with reference to the event
- K16 the range of organisations and individuals that could help you to develop policies and how to identify the ones that are most relevant and likely to make a useful contribution
- K17 the types of relevant factors that are likely to influence the development of policy
- K18 the importance of the policy being consistent with the objectives and values of the organisation and what to do if there is a difference
- K19 how to identify relevant legislation and best practice in the area covered by the policy and check to make sure the policy is consistent with these
- K20 who are the organisation's key stakeholders, why it is important to identify and balance their interests
- K21 why you need to agree draft policy with all those who have been involved in drafting it
- K22 the importance of consulting on policy and what may happen if you do not
- K23 the organisations and individuals who will have an interest in the policy and how to identify them
- K24 the range of consultation methods available and how to select ones that

## SFS EVS 5

### Develop operational plans and policies for event security

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- will enable those affected to make a meaningful contribution
- K25 the importance of being objective in analysing inputs to the consultation process
- K26 the importance of reviewing the impact of the final policy based on consultation
- K27 the responsibility, structure, framework and procedure for the participation in the development of the plans and policies

## SFS EVS 5

### Develop operational plans and policies for event security

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#### Glossary

In these National Occupational Standards;

**memorandum of understanding:** a document that describes the general principles of an agreement between parties, but does not amount to a substantive contract

# SFS EVS 5

## Develop operational plans and policies for event security

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<b>Developed by</b>	Skills for Security
<b>Version number</b>	1
<b>Date approved</b>	March 2013
<b>Indicative review date</b>	March 2016
<b>Validity</b>	Current
<b>Status</b>	Original
<b>Originating organisation</b>	Skills for Security
<b>Original URN</b>	SFS EVS 5
<b>Relevant occupations</b>	Elementary Occupations; Elementary Security Occupations
<b>Suite</b>	Event Security Operations
<b>Key words</b>	security; event; operational plans; operational policies

## SFS EVS 6

# Implement operational plans and policies for event security



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### Overview

This NOS sets out the skills, knowledge and understanding for you to implement operational plans and policies for event security.

This NOS covers the following activities:

1. Implement operational plans for event security
2. Implement operational policies for event security

# SFS EVS 6

## Implement operational plans and policies for event security

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### Performance criteria

#### Implement operational plans for event security

*You must be able to:*

- P1 assign objectives to people together with the associated resources
- P2 identify and brief people who can assist the implementation of plans
- P3 support key colleagues and other stakeholders
- P4 monitor and control your plan so that it achieves its overall objectives
- P5 evaluate the implementation of your plan and make recommendations that identify good practice and areas for improvement

#### Implement operational policies for event security

*You must be able to:*

- P6 identify the implications of the policy for the work of all those affected
- P7 identify and test the objectives of the policy implementation, the possible obstacles and methods of overcoming these obstacles
- P8 agree a schedule and budget for implementation
- P9 invite them to suggest improvements to the implementation strategy and take account of these suggestions
- P10 put in place effective support methods for those who will be implementing the policy
- P11 keep policy implementation under continual review

# SFS EVS 6

## Implement operational plans and policies for event security

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

### Legal and organisational requirements

- K1 current relevant legislation, regulations, standards and codes of practice relating to your sector

### Implement operational plans for event security

*You need to know and understand:*

- K2 how to analyse and manage a risk assessment based approach taking into consideration the audience profile
- K3 how to develop and plan for contingencies
- K4 principles and methods of delegation
- K5 how to use resources effectively to achieve objectives
- K6 how to consult with colleagues and other key stakeholders
- K7 how to monitor and control operational plans to achieve their objectives
- K8 how to develop and use an evaluation framework
- K9 partners, and their strategies and plans
- K10 the overall vision of your organisation and the goals you are responsible for achieving with respect to best practice
- K11 colleagues and other key stakeholders, and their needs and expectations
- K12 processes for consultation
- K13 sources of information you can use to monitor and evaluate plans
- K14 procedures for reporting and making recommendations

### Implement operational policies for event security

*You need to know and understand:*

- K15 why it is important to identify the implications of the policy for the work of those who will be affected
- K16 why it is important to identify objectives for the implementation phase
- K17 likely obstacles to implementation, how to identify these and deal with them
- K18 the range of people in the organisation who could assist in implementation and how to identify those whose assistance will be most effective
- K19 the importance of involving other people in deciding how to implement policy
- K20 why people will need support in implementing policy and the types of support that may be appropriate
- K21 the importance of keeping policy implementation under review

# SFS EVS 6

## Implement operational plans and policies for event security

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<b>Developed by</b>	Skills for Security
<b>Version number</b>	1
<b>Date approved</b>	March 2013
<b>Indicative review date</b>	March 2016
<b>Validity</b>	Current
<b>Status</b>	Original
<b>Originating organisation</b>	Skills for Security
<b>Original URN</b>	SFS EVS 6
<b>Relevant occupations</b>	Elementary Occupations; Elementary Security Occupations
<b>Suite</b>	Event Security Operations
<b>Key words</b>	security; event; implement; operational plans; operational policies

# SFS EVS 7

## Control the movement of people at an event



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### Overview

This NOS sets out the skills, knowledge and understanding for you to deal with ingress and egress for an event.

This NOS covers the following activities:

1. Control the ingress of people at an event
2. Control the movement of people at an event
3. Control the egress of people at an event

# SFS EVS 7

## Control the movement of people at an event

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### Performance criteria

#### Control the ingress of people at an event

*You must be able to:*

- P1 carry out site familiarisation and pre event check of area of responsibility
- P2 greet customers to the event in line with your organisational procedures
- P3 monitor and maintain the route through whole system of entry
- P4 ensure signage is correct for the ingress of the event
- P5 report any factors that will negatively affect the flow rate in line with your organisational procedures
- P6 ensure public are queuing at correct entrance
- P7 identify right of access to areas prior to the event
- P8 use effective communication to ensure optimum movement
- P9 ensure appropriate flow through entrances in area
- P10 pay careful attention to your designated area throughout your period of duty
- P11 admit people and refuse entry according to agreed policies and procedures
- P12 provide people with clear reasons why they have been refused entry
- P13 control the queues in a safe and orderly manner
- P14 direct people to alternative entry points if required
- P15 move to various positions needed for times during an event
- P16 recommend positive suggestions for ingress in line with your organisational procedures at a venue
- P17 report sudden migration or unexpected movement within a crowd
- P18 monitor and report any queue build up within a venue
- P19 minimise the effect of queue build up within a venue

#### Control the movement of people at an event

*You must be able to:*

- P20 monitor the foot fall throughout an event and designated areas
- P21 monitor densities and capacities throughout an event and designated areas

#### Control the egress of people at an event

*You must be able to:*

- P22 carry out pre egress checks of your area of responsibility
- P23 monitor the safe exit of people in line with your organisational procedures
- P24 use appropriate action to assist in clearing site of public
- P25 remove negative influences on egress flow
- P26 ensure there is no re-entry of the public during egress
- P27 direct people to alternative exit points if required
- P28 recommend positive suggestions for egress in line with your organisational procedures at a venue

# SFS EVS 7

## Control the movement of people at an event

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

### Legal and organisational requirements

- K1 current relevant legislation, regulation, codes of practice and guidelines relevant to the event
- K2 your area of responsibility
- K3 your roles and responsibilities within the event plan
- K4 how environmental conditions may influence ground conditions
- K5 why it is important to be flexible to move to various positions during an event
- K6 your schedule and duration of deployments throughout the event
- K7 relevant interpersonal skills and how to use them effectively

### Control the ingress of people at an event

*You need to know and understand:*

- K8 how and why it is important to carry out pre event checks of your area
- K9 the policies and entry conditions for the venue
- K10 the expected flow rate of people
- K11 how to admit entry to people according to agreed policies and procedures
- K12 what correct signage is required for the ingress of the event
- K13 what factors could create a negative affect on the entry flow rate
- K14 the policies and procedures for reporting negative influences to the entry flow, to your supervisor
- K15 locations and layout of entrances to site
- K16 how and why it is important to ensure equal flow through all entrances
- K17 how to control queues in a safe and orderly manner
- K18 how long queues will influence audience attitude and behaviour
- K19 'right of access' to areas prior to the event
- K20 how and why it is important to maintain a clear entrance by monitoring rubbish removal
- K21 how and why its important to monitor crowd dynamics for migration, unexpected movement, signs of distress and density within a crowd
- K22 how and why it is important to monitor and report any queue build up with other services within venue
- K23 how to minimise affect of queue build up within a venue
- K24 the procedures to follow when refusing entry
- K25 why you must provide people with clear reasons why they have been refused entry
- K26 the possible reactions to refusing entry
- K27 what to do when the crowd become stationary during ingress

### Control the egress of people at an event

*You need to know and understand:*

- K28 how and why it is important to carry out pre egress checks of area
- K29 how and why is it important to monitor the safe exit of people according

## SFS EVS 7

### Control the movement people at an event

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- to the agreed procedures
- K30 appropriate action to aid in clearing site of public
- K31 how to remove negative factors on egress flow
- K32 how and why it is important to ensure there is no re-entry of the public during egress
- K33 locations and layout of exit points
- K34 what to do when the crowd become stationary during egress
- K35 how to deal with lost property during egress
- K36 how to deal with lost persons during egress
- K37 your own organisational procedures for the closure of the event

# SFS EVS 7

## Control the movement of people at an event

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<b>Developed by</b>	Skills for Security
<b>Version number</b>	1
<b>Date approved</b>	March 2013
<b>Indicative review date</b>	March 2016
<b>Validity</b>	Current
<b>Status</b>	Original
<b>Originating organisation</b>	Skills for Security
<b>Original URN</b>	SFS EVS 7
<b>Relevant occupations</b>	Elementary Occupations; Elementary Security Occupations
<b>Suite</b>	Event Security Operations
<b>Key words</b>	security; event; movement of people; ingress; egress

## SFS EVS 8

### Conduct searches of people and their property before entering an event



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#### Overview

This NOS sets out the skills, knowledge and understanding for you to promote public safety and safeguard commercial interests through search.

This NOS covers the following activities:

1. Search people and their property for unauthorised items
2. Respond to finding unauthorised items

## SFS EVS 8

### Conduct searches of people and their property before entering an event

---

#### Performance criteria

#### Search people and their property for unauthorised items

*You must be able to:*

- P1 create a suitable environment and identify resources to conduct searches
- P2 identify the people to be searched on entry according to the agreed procedures
- P3 ensure searches are conducted as agreed with the event organiser
- P4 utilise appropriate search tools in line with your organisation's policies and procedures
- P5 make sure you have consent to search, before you search individuals
- P6 take appropriate and permitted action when a person refuses to give consent to a search, in line with your organisation's policies and procedures
- P7 give clear reasons for the search to individuals that have been selected to be searched and confirm that the reasons given have been understood
- P8 carry out searches of people at frequencies and in patterns that are in line with your organisation's policies and procedures
- P9 carry out searches in locations and in the presence of witnesses in line with your organisations guidelines, policies and procedures
- P10 be polite, professional and courteous while you carry out searches of individuals
- P11 maintain your own health, safety and welfare while carrying out searches of people
- P12 take prompt and appropriate action, in line with your organisation's policies and procedures, when you find unauthorised items during a search
- P13 complete the required records accurately, legibly and within required timescales
- P14 report the details of searches in line with your instructions and organisation's policies and procedures

#### Respond to finding unauthorised items

*You must be able to:*

- P15 correctly identify unauthorised items found during searches
- P16 take appropriate action when dealing with unauthorised items found during a search
- P17 record and report the relevant details relating to the unauthorised items to the appropriate person
- P18 complete the required documentation accurately, legibly and within required timescales
- P19 maintain the health, safety and welfare of yourself and others

# SFS EVS 8

## Conduct searches of people and their property before entering an event

---

### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

### Legal and organisational requirements

- K1 current relevant legislation, regulations, codes of practice and guidelines relating to your authority to search people and their property
- K2 your organisation's policies, procedures and instructions you should follow when finding unauthorised items
- K3 your organisation's policies, procedures and instructions for searching people

### Search people and their property for unauthorised items

*You need to know and understand:*

- K4 the procedures and instructions you should follow when searching people or their property, including: –
  - K4.1 why it is good practice to have witnesses during searches
  - K4.2 different types of search
  - K4.3 the implications of carrying out searches incorrectly
  - K4.4 the use of specific search tools
- K5 interpersonal skills and how to use them during searches of people and their property
- K6 the possible reactions to the request to submit to a search and how to deal with them in line with your organisation's policies and procedures
- K7 the range of unauthorised items that you should look for during searches
- K8 the precautions to take to protect yourself and others against items which may cause injuries during the search

### Respond to finding unauthorised items

*You need to know and understand:*

- K9 interpersonal skills and how to use them when you find unauthorised items
- K10 the possible reactions of persons searched to finding unauthorised items and how to deal with them
- K11 what you should do when you find unauthorised items, and to whom this should be reported, in line with your organisation's policies and procedures

## SFS EVS 8

### Conduct searches of people and their property before entering an event

---

#### Glossary

In these National Occupational Standards;

**unauthorised items:** an item not permitted within the event as defined by the venue, the event organiser or the law

## SFS EVS 8

Conduct searches of people and their property before entering an event

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<b>Developed by</b>	Skills for Security
<b>Version number</b>	1
<b>Date approved</b>	March 2013
<b>Indicative review date</b>	March 2016
<b>Validity</b>	Current
<b>Status</b>	Original
<b>Originating organisation</b>	Skills for Security
<b>Original URN</b>	SFS EVS 8
<b>Relevant occupations</b>	Elementary Occupations; Elementary Security Occupations
<b>Suite</b>	Event Security Operations
<b>Key words</b>	security; event; people; property; search; unauthorised items

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### Overview

This NOS sets out the skills, knowledge and understanding for you to help reduce and manage conflict at events. The NOS focuses first on avoiding conflict through positive communication and behaviours. It then considers how to recognise an escalation in conflict and risk and how to defuse conflict.

The NOS also acknowledges that conflict can occur when addressing problematic behaviour in crowd situations, and that this can be reduced through careful choice and timing of approach.

This NOS covers the following activities:

1. Help avoid conflict
2. Defuse and resolve conflict
3. Deal with challenging behaviour

This NOS is relevant to security personnel and stewards operating at a wide range of events.

# SFS EVS 9

## Reduce and manage conflict at events

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### Performance criteria

#### Help avoid conflict

*You must be able to:*

- P1 communicate appropriately with customers showing respect for individuals and their property
- P2 explain actions and listen to any concerns
- P3 avoid stereotyping and discrimination
- P4 overcome barriers to communication and reduce triggers
- P5 demonstrate a sound knowledge of the event, your role, and relevant policy and powers

#### Defuse and resolve conflict

*You must be able to:*

- P6 apply dynamic risk assessment to identify potential conflict
- P7 identify signs of escalation to reduce the threat or risk of conflict in a crowd situation
- P8 plan exit strategies and routes to ensure your personal safety and protect others
- P9 communicate effectively with colleagues, event controllers and staff from other agencies
- P10 deliver a positive first impression and calming approach
- P11 use appropriate techniques to resolve conflict in line with your organisation's policies and procedures

#### Deal with challenging behaviour

*You must be able to:*

- P12 seek alternatives to confrontation
- P13 recognise the potential impact of intervention in a crowd situation
- P14 choose appropriate methods for dealing with challenging behaviour
- P15 remain polite and respectful at all times
- P16 report and account for actions in line with your organisation's policies and procedures

# SFS EVS 9

## Reduce and manage conflict at events

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

#### How to help avoid conflict

- K1 why it is important to be helpful and approachable
- K2 the need to listen and respond professionally to people's concerns
- K3 the importance of respecting individuals and their property
- K4 the benefits of explaining intended actions and giving reasons for these
- K5 how it can help to view a situation from a visitor perspective
- K6 actions and behaviours that can trigger an escalation in a crowd situation, and which should be avoided
- K7 potential barriers to communication and how to overcome these
- K8 the importance of avoiding stereotyping and discrimination
- K9 key requirements of your role and relevant policy and powers
- K10 arrangements at the event to be able to respond knowledgeably to questions

#### How to defuse and resolve conflict

*You need to know and understand:*

- K11 how to apply a model for dynamic risk assessment
- K12 threats and risks of aggression and violence
- K13 common stages and signs of escalation with violence
- K14 your duty of care to reduce risk to yourself and others
- K15 safe positioning and teamwork
- K16 the environment you are operating in and how to access help
- K17 verbal exit strategies and exit routes
- K18 the importance of identifying and protecting vulnerable individuals
- K19 how to communicate effectively with colleagues, event controllers and staff from other agencies
- K20 how to make a positive first impression through appearance, words, tone and calming body language
- K21 why it helps to acknowledge emotions and show empathy
- K22 how to reassure people that you are there to help
- K23 how to listen effectively and reflect understanding
- K24 the options at your disposal and room for discretion

#### How to deal with challenging behaviour

*You need to know and understand:*

- K25 potential types of challenging and non-permitted behaviour
- K26 alternatives to directly confronting behaviour
- K27 the importance of avoiding indiscriminate or heavy handed action in a crowd situation
- K28 how a crowd may perceive and react to your intervention
- K29 different methods for dealing with challenging behaviour
- K30 factors that influence when, where and how to address behaviour
- K31 the importance of remaining polite and respectful
- K32 how to report and account for actions

# SFS EVS 9

## Reduce and manage conflict at events

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### Glossary

In these National Occupational Standards;

**conflict:** a disagreement through which the parties involved perceive a threat to their needs, interests or concerns

# SFS EVS 9

## Reduce and manage conflict at events

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<b>Developed by</b>	Skills for Security
<b>Version number</b>	1
<b>Date approved</b>	March 2013
<b>Indicative review date</b>	March 2016
<b>Validity</b>	Current
<b>Status</b>	Original
<b>Originating organisation</b>	Skills for Security
<b>Original URN</b>	SFS EVS 9
<b>Relevant occupations</b>	Elementary Occupations; Elementary Security Occupations
<b>Suite</b>	Event Security Operations
<b>Key words</b>	event; security; conflict; reduce; crowd; discrimination; behaviour; dynamic; risk

# SFS EVS 10

## Respond to emergencies during an event



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### Overview

This NOS sets out the skills, knowledge and understanding for you to provide a response to emergencies during an event to aid preservation of life, assets and the welfare of individuals.

# SFS EVS 10

## Respond to emergencies during an event

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### Performance criteria

*You must be able to:*

- P1 obtain relevant information to determine the current status of response and aid decision making within event command protocols
- P2 make an initial assessment of the situation and report this to relevant people in accordance with established procedures
- P3 take any immediate action required to prevent significant loss, harm or injury to self or others
- P4 formulate a plan of action within your remit of responsibility, which takes account of all available information
- P5 confirm the availability and location of relevant services and facilities, taking account of the possible escalation of emergencies
- P6 identify any resources required to meet the demands of the response
- P7 work and communicate effectively with partner organisations, stakeholders and other responders
- P8 ensure the actions taken reflect any current relevant legislation, regulation, codes of practice and guidelines
- P9 ensure accurate information is shared with all relevant organisations to enable effective co-ordination and response
- P10 implement action at the appropriate level in a timely manner, confirming roles, responsibilities, tasks, and communication channels
- P11 conduct on-going risk assessment and management in response to the dynamic nature of emergencies
- P12 obtain and provide technical and professional advice
- P13 monitor and maintain the health, safety and welfare of individuals during the response
- P14 ensure that any individuals under your area of responsibility are fully briefed and de-briefed
- P15 evaluate the effectiveness of the response in conjunction with other relevant parties and use this information to inform future practice
- P16 fully record your decisions, actions, options and rationales in accordance with current information, policy and legislation

# SFS EVS 10

## Respond to emergencies during an event

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 current, relevant legislation, regulations, codes of practice and guidelines in relation to emergency response
- K2 current, relevant legislation and organisational requirements in relation to health, safety and welfare
- K3 your role and level of responsibility within the response team
- K4 the principles of Integrated Emergency Management (IEM)
- K5 how to formulate an action plan which takes account of all available information
- K6 the principles of effective response and recovery
- K7 relevant emergency plans and arrangements including pre-determined procedures for involvement of other organisations
- K8 the type of resources which may be required and how they can be obtained
- K9 the actions to take where there are limitations on the availability and use of resources
- K10 sources of technical and professional advice
- K11 how media may be used to provide information to those present and wider communities
- K12 how to collect and analyse relevant information at your level of responsibility
- K13 the potential impact of emergencies on individuals, communities and the environment
- K14 how to ensure provision of continued support for individuals affected by emergencies
- K15 the purpose of recording information and the types of records that must be kept
- K16 how to monitor and review effectiveness of response actions together with relevant others
- K17 the principles of command, control and co-ordination and the potential flexibility between levels of response
- K18 circumstances where expertise or co-ordination are required beyond your level of responsibility
- K19 the correct procedures for handing over responsibility
- K20 the roles and responsibilities of partner organisations involved in response and recovery
- K21 relevant information on partner organisations including methods of communication, decision making process and constraints
- K22 how to communicate with individuals affected by emergencies in a manner which promotes understanding
- K23 how to make and apply decisions based on the assessment of risk
- K24 the roles, responsibilities and information needs of organisations involved in response
- K25 your organisation's policy for dealing with the media

# SFS EVS 10

## Respond to emergencies during an event

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### Glossary

In these National Occupational Standards;

**communities:** individuals and organisations in localities including adults, children and young people, vulnerable people, residential homes, businesses etc

**environment:** surroundings, including plant and animal life

**Integrated Emergency Management (IEM):** an approach to preventing and managing emergencies which entails six key activities – anticipation, assessment, prevention, preparation, response and recovery. IEM is geared to the idea of building greater overall resilience in the face of a broad range of disruptive challenges. It requires a coherent multi-agency effort

**organisations:** public, private or voluntary bodies

**resources:** people, equipment, materials, finance etc

**risk:** measure of the significance of a potential event or situation in terms of likelihood and impact

# SFS EVS 10

## Respond to emergencies during an event

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<b>Developed by</b>	Skills for Security
<b>Version number</b>	1
<b>Date approved</b>	March 2013
<b>Indicative review date</b>	March 2016
<b>Validity</b>	Current
<b>Status</b>	Original
<b>Originating organisation</b>	Skills for Security
<b>Original URN</b>	SFS EVS 10
<b>Relevant occupations</b>	Elementary Occupations; Elementary Security Occupations
<b>Suite</b>	Event Security Operations
<b>Key words</b>	security; event; emergencies; respond; risk assessment

# SFS EVS 11

## Provide information and advice during an event



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### Overview

This NOS sets out the skills, knowledge and understanding for you to provide information and advice during an event.

This NOS covers the following activities:

1. Provide information and advice to individuals
2. Assist individuals to resolve complaints

# SFS EVS 11

## Provide information and advice during an event

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### Performance criteria

### Provide information and advice to individuals

*You must be able to:*

- P1 acknowledge promptly and politely requests for information and advice
- P2 clarify accurately and confirm the individuals' needs for information and advice
- P3 communicate with individuals clearly and in ways most likely to be understood by the individual
- P4 take action that is supportive of the individuals' needs and takes in to consideration the individuals' situation
- P5 ensure information and advice provided is appropriate
- P6 ask individuals politely to confirm that the information provided meets their needs
- P7 when individuals express dissatisfaction with the information provided, you identify and implement alternative ways of meeting their needs
- P8 manage expectations of individuals to make sure they are realistic

### Assist individuals to resolve complaints

*You must be able to:*

- P9 identify accurately the nature of complaints from information obtained from individuals
- P10 deal with complaints, acknowledge them clearly and provide appropriate response
- P11 ensure action to remedy complaints is consistent in line with your organisations policies and procedures
- P12 refer the matter to the appropriate person promptly and explain the procedure clearly to the customer when the action required to deal with complaints is outside your responsibility

# SFS EVS 11

## Provide information and advice during an event

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### Knowledge and understanding

#### Legal and organisational requirements

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 the organisation's policy on customer service and customer relationships and how this applies to your role
- K2 the organisation's procedure for handling complaints and how to assess complaints

#### Provide information and advice to individuals

*You need to know and understand:*

- K3 how to give appropriate information
- K4 event specific and event related information

#### Assist individuals to resolve complaints

*You need to know and understand:*

- K5 what alternatives may be offered to individuals
- K6 how to manage individuals expectations
- K7 the importance of retaining individuals confidence

# SFS EVS 11

## Provide information and advice during an event

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**Developed by** Skills for Security

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**Version number** 1

---

**Date approved** March 2013

---

**Indicative review date** March 2016

---

**Validity** Current

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**Status** Original

---

**Originating organisation** Skills for Security

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**Original URN** SFS EVS 11

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**Relevant occupations** Elementary Occupations; Elementary Security Occupations

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**Suite** Event Security Operations

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**Key words** security; event; information; advice; complaints

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#### Overview

This unit is about collecting and analysing information, and then using it to make important decisions. This unit could cover a very wide range of activities that you could be involved with. Examples would be: carrying out customer surveys to decide on whether to alter certain services, analysing the use of facilities to decide whether more effective use could be made of them, analysing jobs to decide what types of skills, knowledge and experience your staff should have, looking at journals and researching the local market to decide whether to introduce new services, collecting and analysing financial information to develop a business plan etc.

The unit is divided into three parts. The first part describes the four things you have to do. These are:

1. obtain information for decision making
2. record and store information for decision making
3. analyse information to support decision making
4. advise and inform others

The second part describes the knowledge and understanding you must have.

The third part gives some examples and explanations of some words we use in this unit.

The unit is for people who have some responsibility for managing information as part of your work role.

## SKAA42 (2)

### Provide information to support decision making

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#### Performance criteria

#### Obtain information for decision making

*You must be able to:*

- P1 identify the information you need to make the required decisions
- P2 use sources of information which are reliable and sufficiently wide-ranging to meet current and likely future information requirements
- P3 use methods of obtaining information that are reliable, effective and make efficient use of resources
- P4 use methods of obtaining information that are consistent with organisational values, policies and legal requirements
- P5 obtain information that is accurate, relevant and sufficient to support decision making
- P6 take prompt and effective action to deal with information that is inadequate, contradictory or ambiguous

#### Record and store information

*You must be able to:*

- P7 use systems and procedures for recording and storing information that are suitable for the purpose and make efficient use of resources
- P8 record and store information in a way that complies with organisational policies and legal
- P9 record and store information so that it is readily accessible in the required format to authorised people only
- P10 provide opportunities for team members to make suggestions for improvements to systems and procedures
- P11 make recommendations for improvements to systems and procedures to the relevant people
- P12 take into account organisational constraints

#### Analyse information to support decision making

*You must be able to:*

- P13 identify objectives for the analysis that are clear and consistent with the decisions that need to be made
- P14 select information that is accurate, relevant to the objectives of the analysis, and sufficient to arrive at a reliable decision
- P15 use analysis methods that are suitable to achieve the objectives you identified
- P16 analyse the information so that you correctly identify the patterns and trends
- P17 support the conclusions you draw from the analysis with reasoned argument and appropriate evidence
- P18 differentiate clearly between fact and opinion when presenting the results of the analysis
- P19 keep records of the analysis that are sufficient to show the assumptions and decisions made at each stage

## SKAA42 (2)

### Provide information to support decision making

---

*You must be able to:*

#### **Advise and inform others**

- P20 research the advice and information needs of your recipients in a way which is appropriate and sufficient and takes account of organisational constraints
- P21 provide advice and information at a time and place and in a form and manner appropriate to the needs of your recipients
- P22 provide information that is accurate, current, relevant and sufficient;
- P23 provide advice that is consistent with organisational policy, procedures and constraints
- P24 support advice with reasoned argument and appropriate evidence
- P25 confirm their recipients' understanding of the advice and information you have given
- P26 maintain confidentiality according to organisational and legal requirements
- P27 use feedback from recipients to improve future provision of advice and information

## SKAA42 (2)

### Provide information to support decision making

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#### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 how the playwork principles underpinning your sector specifically relate to this unit

#### Analytical techniques

*You need to know and understand:*

- K2 how to judge the accuracy, relevance and sufficiency of information required to support decision making in different contexts
- K3 how to identify information that may be contradictory, ambiguous or inadequate and how to deal with these problems
- K4 different approaches to, and methods of, analysing information and how to select methods appropriate to decisions which the manager has to make
- K5 how to analyse information to identify patterns and trends
- K6 how to draw conclusions on the basis of analysing information
- K7 the difference between fact and opinion, how to identify these and present them accordingly

#### Communication

*You need to know and understand:*

- K8 different formats for presenting qualitative and quantitative information which may be required
- K9 how to select a format appropriate to different purposes and recipients of information
- K10 how to develop and present a case based on the outcomes of an analysis
- K11 how to communicate advice and information effectively both orally and in writing
- K12 how to develop and present a reasoned case when providing advice to others
- K13 why it is important to confirm the recipient's understanding of information and advice provided and methods which may be used to ensure this

#### Continuous improvement

*You need to know and understand:*

- K14 how to assess the effectiveness of current methods of collecting and storing information and what procedures to follow in order to make recommendations on improvements

#### Information handling

*You need to know and understand:*

- K15 the importance of information management to the team and organisational effectiveness and your role and responsibilities in relation to this
- K16 the types of qualitative and quantitative information that are essential to

## SKAA42 (2)

### Provide information to support decision making

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- your role and responsibilities and how to identify these
- K17 the range of sources of information that are available to you and how to ensure these are capable of meeting current and likely future information requirements
  - K18 how to identify new sources of information that may be required
  - K19 the range of methods of gathering and checking the validity of such information and their advantages and disadvantages
  - K20 different methods of recording and storing information and their advantages and disadvantages
  - K21 how to ensure that information is organised in a way that makes it readily accessible
  - K22 principles of confidentiality - what information should be made available to which people
  - K23 the importance of the effective analysis of information and your role and responsibility in relation to this
  - K24 types of information, both qualitative and quantitative, which you need to be able to analyse
  - K25 how to select information relevant to the decision to be made and ensure such information is accurate and relevant
  - K26 the importance of record keeping to the analysis of information and how such records should be kept and used.
  - K27 why it is essential to check the validity of advice and information provided to others
  - K28 how to ensure accuracy, currency, sufficiency and relevance
  - K29 the principles of confidentiality when handling information and advice - what types of information and advice may be provided to what people

#### **Involvement and motivation**

*You need to know and understand:*

- K30 why it is important to provide opportunities for team members to make recommendations on improvements to systems and procedures
- K31 how to encourage and enable such recommendations

#### **Organisational context**

*You need to know and understand:*

- K32 organisational policies and legal requirements which have a bearing on the recording and storage of information and how to interpret these
- K33 organisational policies, procedures and resource constraints which may influence advice given to others

#### **Providing support**

*You need to know and understand:*

- K34 why it is important to provide advice and information and your role and responsibilities
- K35 the types of advice and information which people may require
- K36 how to identify information needs
- K37 situations in which it is appropriate to act on one's own initiative in giving

## SKAA42 (2)

### Provide information to support decision making

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information and advice

K38 why it is important to seek feedback on the quality and relevance of the advice and information you provide

## SKAA42 (2)

### Provide information to support decision making

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#### Scope/range related to performance criteria

1. **information**
  - 1.1. quantitative
  - 1.2. qualitative
2. **sources of information**
  - 2.1. people within your organisation
  - 2.2. people outside your organisation
  - 2.3. internal information systems
  - 2.4. published media
  - 2.5. specially commissioned research
3. **methods**
  - 3.1. listening and watching
  - 3.2. reading
  - 3.3. spoken questioning
  - 3.4. written questioning
  - 3.5. formal research conducted personally
  - 3.6. formal research conducted by third parties
4. **systems and procedures**
  - 4.1. organisation wide
  - 4.2. specific to the candidate and their team
5. **organisational constraints**
  - 5.1. organisational objectives
  - 5.2. organisational policies
  - 5.3. resources
6. **analysis**
  - 6.1. formal and planned
  - 6.2. informal and ad hoc
7. **decisions** concerning
  - 7.1. day to day operations
  - 7.2. changes in organisational policy that affect operations
8. **advice and information**
  - 8.1. in response to a request
  - 8.2. on your own initiative
9. **recipients**
  - 9.1. team members
  - 9.2. colleagues working at the same level
  - 9.3. higher level managers and sponsors
  - 9.4. people outside your organisation
10. **forms**
  - 10.1. spoken
  - 10.2. written

## SKAA42 (2)

### Provide information to support decision making

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#### Glossary

##### **Qualitative**

Something that is not summarised in numerical form, such as minutes from meetings and general notes from observations. Qualitative data normally describe people's knowledge, attitudes or behaviours and is often more subjective

##### **Quantitative**

Something measured or measurable by, or concerned with, quantity and expressed in numbers or quantities

##### **Resources**

For example, finance, advice and information, physical resources (such as equipment and materials, buildings etc), training and development

## SKAA42 (2)

### Provide information to support decision making

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**Developed by** SkillsActive

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**Version number** 1

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**Date approved** July 2010

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**Indicative review date** July 2015

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**Validity** Current

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**Status** Original

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**Originating organisation** SkillsActive

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**Original URN** SA44NA42

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**Relevant occupations** Health, Public Services and Care; Child Development and Well Being; Associate Professionals and Technical Occupations; Sports and Fitness Occupations

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**Suite** Playwork

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**Key words** provide, information, support, decision, making

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**Overview**

This unit is about the efficient management of information within your area of responsibility. It covers gathering the information you need, providing information and advice to others, and holding meetings.

The unit is divided into two parts.

The first part describes the three things you have to do. These are:

1. gather required information
2. inform and advise others
3. hold meetings

The second part describes the knowledge and understanding you must have.

The unit is for first line managers and sports development staff operating at that level.

# SKAA41

## Manage information for action

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### Performance criteria

#### Gather required information

*You must be able to:*

- P1 gather information that is accurate, sufficient and relevant to the purpose for which it is needed
- P2 take prompt and effective action to overcome problems in gathering relevant information
- P3 record and store the information you gather according to their organisation's systems and procedures
- P4 ensure that the information you gather is accessible in the required format to authorised people only
- P5 identify possible improvements to systems and procedures and pass these on to the relevant people

#### Inform and advise others

*You must be able to:*

- P6 give information and advice at a time and place, and in a form and manner, appropriate to the needs of recipients
- P7 ensure the information and advice you give is accurate, current, relevant and sufficient
- P8 give information and advice that is consistent with the organisation's policy, procedures and resource constraints
- P9 use reasoned arguments and appropriate evidence to support your information and advice
- P10 check and confirm recipients' understanding of the information and advice that you have given
- P11 maintain confidentiality according to the organisation's requirements
- P12 seek feedback from recipients about the information and advice you provided, and use this feedback to improve the ways in which information and advice is given

#### Hold meetings

*You must be able to:*

- P13 give sufficient notice of the meeting to allow the necessary people to attend
- P14 make the purpose and objectives of the meeting clear at the start
- P15 adopt a style of leadership that helps people to make useful contributions
- P16 discourage unhelpful arguments and digressions
- P17 achieve the objectives of the meeting within the allocated time
- P18 give clear, accurate and concise information about outcomes of the meeting promptly to those who need it

# SKAA41

## Manage information for action

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 how to give information and advice effectively in both oral and written format
- K2 how to develop and present a reasoned case when providing advice to others
- K3 the importance of confirming the recipient's understanding of the information and advice which have been provided and how to do so
- K4 the importance of seeking feedback on the quality and relevance of the advice and information provided , and how to encourage and enable such feedback
- K5 how to identify unhelpful arguments and digressions, and strategies which may be used to discourage these
- K6 the styles of leadership which can be used to run meetings and how to choose a style according the nature of the meeting
- K7 the value and limitations of meetings as a method of exchanging information and making decisions
- K8 how to determine when a meeting is the most effective way of dealing with issues and the possible alternatives available
- K9 the importance of determining the purpose and objectives of meetings and how to do so
- K10 how to manage discussions so that the objectives of the meeting are met within the allocated time
- K11 the procedures to follow in order to make recommendations for improvements to systems and procedures
- K12 organisational policies, procedures and resource constraints which may affect advice and information given to others
- K13 how to determine who are the necessary people to attend the meeting
- K14 procedures to follow when calling meetings and preparing for them
- K15 the importance of gathering, validating and analysing information to team and organisational effectiveness and their role and responsibility in relation to it
- K16 the types of qualitative and quantitative information which are essential to your role and responsibilities
- K17 how to gather information electronically and manually
- K18 the importance of providing information and advice to others and their role and responsibility in relation to it
- K19 the types of information and advice that other people may require
- K20 how to gather the information needed for your job
- K21 the types of problems which may occur when gathering information and how to overcome them
- K22 how to record and store the information which is needed
- K23 the importance of checking the validity of information and advice provided to others and how to do so
- K24 the principles of confidentiality when handling information and advice; the types of information and advice which may be provided to different

# SKAA41

## Manage information for action

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- people
- K25 how to assess the effectiveness of current methods of gathering and storing information

# SKAA41

## Manage information for action

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### Scope/range related to performance criteria

1. **information**
  - 1.1. quantitative
  - 1.2. qualitative
  - 1.3. in electronic format
  - 1.4. paper-based
  
2. **systems and procedures**
  - 2.1. formal
  - 2.2. informal
  
3. **information and advice**
  - 3.1. spoken
  - 3.2. written
  - 3.3. in electronic format
  
4. **recipients**
  - 4.1. team members
  - 4.2. colleagues working at the same level
  - 4.3. higher level managers or sponsors
  - 4.4. people not part of your organisation
  
5. **meetings**
  - 5.1. involving people within your organisation
  - 5.2. involving people from outside your organisation
  
6. **purposes**
  - 6.1. information giving
  - 6.2. consultation
  - 6.3. decision making

# SKAA41

## Manage information for action

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<b>Developed by</b>	SkillsActive
<b>Version number</b>	1
<b>Date approved</b>	August 2005
<b>Indicative review date</b>	August 2012
<b>Validity</b>	Current
<b>Status</b>	Original
<b>Originating organisation</b>	SkillsActive
<b>Original URN</b>	SA44NA41
<b>Relevant occupations</b>	Associate Professionals and Technical Occupations; Leisure, travel and tourism; Sport, leisure and recreation; Sports and Fitness Occupations
<b>Suite</b>	Spectator Safety; Leisure Management; Sports Development
<b>Key words</b>	efficient, manage, information, gather, advice, meetings, recipients

# SKAA22

## Manage the use of physical resources



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### Overview

This unit is about managing physical resources such as equipment, facilities and consumables.

The unit is divided into two parts.

The first part describes the four things you have to do. These are:

1. plan the use of physical resources
2. obtain physical resources
3. ensure the availability of supplies
4. monitor the use of physical resources

The second part describes the knowledge and understanding you must have.

This unit is aimed at people working in management or development at middle manager level.

# SKAA22

## Manage the use of physical resources

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### Performance criteria

#### Plan the use of physical resources

*You must be able to:*

- P1 give opportunities to relevant people to provide information about the physical resources required
- P2 develop plans which take account of relevant past experience, trends and developments and factors likely to affect future resource use
- P3 make sure these plans are consistent with the organisation's objectives, policies and legal requirements
- P4 present these plans to relevant people in an appropriate and timely manner

#### Obtain physical resources

*You must be able to:*

- P5 make requests for physical resources that clearly show the costs involved and the anticipated benefits expected from the use of the resources
- P6 present requests for physical resources to relevant people in time for the necessary resources to be obtained
- P7 present requests for physical resources in ways which reflect the commitment of those who will be using the resources
- P8 obtain physical resources that are sufficient to support all activities under their control
- P9 agree appropriate amendments to their plans with relevant people when you cannot obtain the physical resources they need in full

#### Ensure the availability of supplies

*You must be able to:*

- P10 accurately identify the supplies they need
- P11 choose from a range of suppliers that is sufficiently wide to ensure adequate competition and continuity of supplies
- P12 negotiate with suppliers in a manner which will maintain good relations with them
- P13 reach agreements with suppliers that provide good value and comply with organisational and legal requirements
- P14 monitor the quality and quantity of supplies at appropriate intervals
- P15 obtain supplies that consistently meet the organisation's requirements for quality, quantity and delivery
- P16 deal with any actual or potential problems with supplies promptly
- P17 keep records of supplies that are complete, accurate and available only to authorised people

#### Monitor the use of physical resources

*You must be able to:*

- P18 give opportunities to team members to take individual responsibility for the efficient use of physical resources
- P19 make sure their team's use of physical resources is efficient and takes

## SKAA22

### Manage the use of physical resources

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- into account the possible impact on the environment
- P20 monitor the quality of physical resources continuously
- P21 use monitoring methods that are reliable and comply with organisational requirements
- P22 monitor the actual use of physical resources against an agreed plan at appropriate intervals
- P23 take prompt corrective action to deal with actual or potential significant deviations from plans
- P24 keep records relating to the use of physical resources that are complete, accurate and available to authorised people only

# SKAA22

## Manage the use of physical resources

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

#### Agreements and contracts

- K1 how to establish effective agreements with suppliers and the legal, ethical and organisational requirements which govern these

#### Analytical techniques

*You need to know and understand:*

- K2 how to carry out cost-benefit analyses for the use of resources  
K3 how to analyse work activities to identify required supplies  
K4 how to select from a range of suppliers to ensure value for money, consistency, quality and continuity of supply within organisational and legal requirements

#### Communication

*You need to know and understand:*

- K5 how to present and communicate plans on resource usage effectively  
K6 how to develop and present an effective case for resources to relevant people

#### Information handling

*You need to know and understand:*

- K7 principles of confidentiality regarding the use of resources: which types of information may be made available to whom

#### Involvement and motivation

*You need to know and understand:*

- K8 how to encourage and enable staff to communicate their needs for resources  
K9 how to obtain and maximise commitment to resource planning  
K10 how to encourage and empower team members to take responsibility for the efficient use of resources

#### Monitoring and evaluation

*You need to know and understand:*

- K11 how to monitor the provision of supplies to ensure ongoing quality, quantity, delivery and time requirements are being met  
K12 the importance of effective monitoring of resource use to organisational efficiency and your role and responsibility in relation to this  
K13 how to monitor and control resource usage to maintain consistency and quality in the provision of products and services

#### Organisational context

*You need to know and understand:*

- K14 organisational objectives, policies and legal requirements relevant to resource usage, how to interpret these and identify the implications for

## SKAA22

### Manage the use of physical resources

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resource planning

- K15 procedures to follow in order to request resources
- K16 the legal and organisational requirements which govern the selection of suppliers, how to interpret these and identify the implications for your work
- K17 the organisational and legal requirements regarding the impact of resource usage on the environment and how to minimise adverse effects
- K18 your organisation's requirements for controlling resource usage
- K19 your planned objectives and measures for resource usage

#### Planning

*You need to know and understand:*

- K20 the principles underpinning effective resource planning and your role and responsibility in relation to this
- K21 how to develop short-, medium- and long-term plans for the use of resources
- K22 the types of trends and developments which might impact on your use of resources, how to analyse these and draw out the implications for planning
- K23 how to adjust work plans in the event of required resources not being available

#### Resource management

*You need to know and understand:*

- K24 the physical resources which you need to carry out your activities effectively
- K25 the importance of continuity of supplies to maintaining the quality of products and services and your role and responsibility in relation to this
- K26 the range of suppliers available for the physical resources you require
- K27 the range of problems which may occur with supplies and suppliers and effective corrective action to take in response to these
- K28 the importance of accurate record keeping in managing supplies and suppliers, and systems to ensure that this happens properly
- K29 the range of obstacles to efficient use of resources and effective corrective action to take in response to these
- K30 the importance of effective record keeping in the use of resources and how to ensure that this happens

# SKAA22

## Manage the use of physical resources

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### Scope/range related to performance criteria

1. **relevant people**
  - 1.1. team members
  - 1.2. colleagues working at the same level
  - 1.3. higher level managers or supervisors
  - 1.4. people outside the organisation
  
2. **plans**
  - 2.1. short term
  - 2.2. medium term
  - 2.3. long term
  
3. **requests**
  - 3.1. spoken
  - 3.2. written
  
4. **supplies**
  - 4.1. goods
  - 4.2. services
  
5. **suppliers**
  - 5.1. inside the organisation
  - 5.2. outside the organisation
  
6. ways to **monitor**
  - 6.1. direct observation
  - 6.2. considering oral information from others
  - 6.3. considering written information from others
  
7. **corrective action**
  - 7.1. altering activities
  - 7.2. modifying the use of physical resources for activities
  - 7.3. renegotiating the allocation of physical resources

# SKAA22

## Manage the use of physical resources

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<b>Developed by</b>	SkillsActive
<b>Version number</b>	1
<b>Date approved</b>	May 2006
<b>Indicative review date</b>	May 2012
<b>Validity</b>	Current
<b>Status</b>	Original
<b>Originating organisation</b>	SkillsActive
<b>Original URN</b>	SA44NA22
<b>Relevant occupations</b>	Associate Professionals and Technical Occupations; Leisure, travel and tourism; Sport, leisure and recreation; Sports and Fitness Occupations
<b>Suite</b>	Spectator Safety
<b>Key words</b>	spectators, managing, physical, resources, availability, supplies, planning, monitoring, obtaining

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### Overview

This unit is about keeping a careful watch over spectators and dealing with crowd problems such as unexpected movements, local overcrowding, over-capacity and unsociable/unlawful behaviour.

The unit is divided into three parts. The first part describes the two things you have to do. These are:

1. monitor crowds and identify potential problems
2. follow instructions and procedures to deal with crowd problems

The second part describes the knowledge and understanding you must have.

The third part explains what we mean by some of the terms used in the unit.

This unit is for stewards and other similar staff working directly with spectators to ensure their safety and welfare.

# SKAC211

## Monitor spectators and deal with crowd problems

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### Performance criteria

#### Monitor crowds and identify potential problems

*You must be able to:*

- P1 have the necessary resources ready for use
- P2 make sure your behaviour and appearance meets agreed standards at all times
- P3 carry out your duties impartially
- P4 pay careful attention to the crowd and the conditions in your designated area throughout your period of duty
- P5 identify crowd problems when they occur

#### Follow instructions and procedures to deal with crowd problems

*You must be able to:*

- P6 assess and report the crowd problem, answering any questions from supervisors clearly and accurately
- P7 take action following instructions and agreed procedures
- P8 make sure that any action is not dangerous to yourself and the other people involved
- P9 communicate with the people involved and colleagues clearly
- P10 reassure the people involved and encourage them to be calm and follow instructions
- P11 keep your control room/supervisor informed of the situation

# SKAC211

## Monitor spectators and deal with crowd problems

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### Knowledge and understanding

#### Monitoring crowds

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 the importance of carefully observing crowds and areas
- K2 the importance of wearing steward's identification at all times
- K3 what resources you need to have available and why
- K4 what to look for when monitoring crowds
- K5 why it's important to carry out your duties impartially - how to do so
- K6 what sort of personal conduct and appearance is appropriate and why
- K7 the particular hazards to look out for in the types of areas listed

#### Dealing with crowd problems

*You need to know and understand:*

- K8 basic legal requirements covering disability, discrimination and safety
- K9 the obvious signs of the types of hazardous behaviour listed
- K10 how to assess how serious the behaviour is
- K11 the correct action to take for different types of crowd problem and the procedures to follow
- K12 conflict management techniques and defensive tactics
- K13 why it's important to communicate clearly with the people involved and colleagues
- K14 why it's important to reassure the people involved and encourage them to be calm and how to do so
- K15 the type of action which might endanger themselves and others
- K16 the correct reporting procedures to use

# SKAC211

## Monitor spectators and deal with crowd problems

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### Scope/range related to performance criteria

1. **resources**
  - 1.1 communications
  - 1.2 safety equipment
  - 1.3 keys
  - 1.4 handbook
  
2. **crowds**
  - 2.1 friendly
  - 2.2 aggressive
  - 2.3 excited
  
3. **areas**
  - 3.1 confined areas
  - 3.2 open areas
  - 3.3 public areas
  - 3.4 non-public areas
  
4. **crowd problems**
  - 4.1 unexpected crowd movements
  - 4.2 local overcrowding
  - 4.3 over-capacity
  - 4.4 distress
  - 4.5 separation of individuals and groups
  - 4.6 unsociable behaviour
  - 4.7 unlawful behaviour
  - 4.8 entry into restricted areas
  
5. **action**
  - 5.1 removing people and objects
  - 5.2 containing the crowd
  - 5.3 being visible to the crowd
  - 5.4 reassuring
  - 5.5 warning
  
6. **people**
  - 6.1 co-operative
  - 6.2 unco-operative
  - 6.3 intoxicated
  - 6.4 emotional
  - 6.5 with limited understanding of English
  - 6.6 'VIPs'
  - 6.7 with particular needs

# SKAC211

## Monitor spectators and deal with crowd problems

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### Glossary

**Appearance**

This includes wearing the correct clothes, presenting a professional image and having the correct identification

**Assess**

Gathering all the necessary information and identifying if there is a crowd problem

**Communications (resources)**

This could be notebooks for recording incidents, or communications equipment such as radios, if appropriate

**Designated area**

The area you are responsible for

**Hazards**

Something that may cause harm

**Impartially**

Not favouring or discriminating against any particular type of person

**Monitor**

Keep a careful eye on

**Resources**

The things you need to do your job effectively

**Unlawful behaviour**

This would include racism, threatening behaviour, violence and other types of behaviour that is against the law

**Unsociable behaviour**

For example, swearing or other types of abusive behaviour

**With particular needs**

For example, disabled people, old people, children etc.

# SKAC211

## Monitor spectators and deal with crowd problems

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**Developed by** Skills Active

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**Version number** 1

---

**Date approved** February 2006

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**Indicative review date** February 2012

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**Validity** Current

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**Status** Original

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**Originating organisation** Skills Active

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**Original URN** SA44NC211

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**Relevant occupations** Associate Professionals and Technical Occupations; Leisure, travel and tourism; Sport, leisure and recreation; Sports and Fitness Occupations

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**Suite** Spectator Safety

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**Key words** crowds, spectators, stewards, events, marshals

# CFAM&LFA5

## Manage projects



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### Overview

This standard is about managing projects for which you have been given responsibility.

This standard is relevant to managers and leaders who are required to manage projects.

This standard links closely to CFAM&LFA4 Manage programmes. Effective project management also requires project managers to be competent in a range of other standards, such as, CFAM&LBA3 Lead your team, CFAM&LDB2 Allocate work to team members, CFAM&LDB3 Quality assure work in your team, CFAM&LEA4 Manage budgets, CFAM&LEB3 Manage physical resources and CFAM&LEC4 Communicate information and knowledge.

# CFAM&LFA5

## Manage projects

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### Performance criteria

*You must be able to:*

- P1 discuss and agree the key objectives and scope of the proposed project and the available resources with the project sponsors and other key stakeholders
- P2 identify how the proposed project fits with the overall vision, objectives and plans of the organisation and any programmes of work or other projects being undertaken
- P3 develop, in consultation with project team members, a realistic and thorough plan for undertaking the project and achieving its objectives
- P4 discuss and agree the project plan with the project sponsors and other key stakeholders, making changes where necessary
- P5 brief project team members on the project plan and their roles and responsibilities and provide ongoing support, encouragement and information
- P6 put processes and resources in place to manage potential risks arising from the project and deal with contingencies
- P7 implement the project plan, selecting and applying effective project management tools and techniques to monitor, control and review progress
- P8 communicate progress to the project sponsor, other key stakeholders and project team members on a regular basis
- P9 identify, in the light of progress, problems encountered or changes to organisational objectives, any required changes to the project plan, obtaining agreement from project sponsors and other key stakeholders where necessary
- P10 deliver project objectives on time and within budget
- P11 confirm satisfactory completion of the project with the project sponsor and any key stakeholders
- P12 evaluate the success of the project, identifying what lessons can be learned and shared
- P13 celebrate the completion of the project, recognising the contributions of project team members

# CFAM&LFA5

## Manage projects

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

### General knowledge and understanding

- K1 the characteristics of projects as opposed to routine management functions/activities
- K2 the role and key responsibilities of a project manager
- K3 key stages in the project life cycle
- K4 the importance of the relationship between the project manager and the project sponsors and any key stakeholders
- K5 why it is important to discuss and agree the key objectives and scope of a proposed project with the project sponsors and any key stakeholders before detailed planning commences
- K6 the type of information needed for effective project planning
- K7 why it is important to be able to identify and understand how a project fits with the overall vision, objectives and plans of the organisation and any programmes of work or other projects being undertaken
- K8 why it is important to consult with relevant people in developing a project plan and how to do so effectively
- K9 what should be included in a project plan, particularly activities, required resources and timescales and why the plan needs to be discussed and agreed with the project sponsors and any key stakeholders
- K10 why it is important that any project team members are briefed on the project plan, their roles and responsibilities and how to do so effectively
- K11 ways of providing ongoing support, encouragement and information to any project team members
- K12 ways of identifying and managing potential risks in relation to the project
- K13 the importance of contingency planning and how to do it effectively
- K14 how to select from and apply a range of project management tools and techniques to monitor, control and review progress of the project
- K15 effective ways of communicating with project sponsors and any key stakeholders during a project
- K16 the importance of agreeing changes to the project plan with the project sponsors and any key stakeholders
- K17 the type of changes that might need to be made to a project plan during implementation
- K18 why it is important to confirm satisfactory completion of the project with the project sponsors and any key stakeholders and how to do so effectively
- K19 how to establish effective systems for evaluating the success of projects and identifying lessons for the future
- K20 the importance of recognising the contributions of project team members to the success of projects and different ways of doing so

# CFAM&LFA5

## Manage projects

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### Industry/sector specific knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K21 project management tools and techniques commonly used in the industry or sector
- K22 risks and contingencies common to the industry/sector
- K23 industry/sector specific legislation, regulations, guidelines and codes of practice

### Context specific knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K24 the project sponsors – the individual or group for whom the project is being undertaken
- K25 key stakeholders – the individuals or groups who have a significant interest in the success of the project and the organisation
- K26 the agreed key objectives and scope of the proposed project and the available resources
- K27 the overall vision, objectives and plans of the organisation and any other relevant programmes of work or other projects being undertaken
- K28 your organisation's project management methodology, policy and procedures
- K29 mechanisms for consulting on the development of the project plan and the views/thoughts received from relevant people in relation to proposals.
- K30 the agreed project plan
- K31 the roles and responsibilities of any project team members
- K32 methods used for briefing, supporting, encouraging and providing information to any project team members
- K33 processes and resources put in place to manage potential risks and deal with contingencies
- K34 type and nature of potential risks identified and contingencies encountered
- K35 specific project management tools and techniques used to monitor, control and review progress
- K36 processes in place for communicating information on progress of the project to the project sponsors, any key stakeholders and any project team members
- K37 processes in place for identifying and agreeing changes to the project plan and any changes which have been made
- K38 processes for confirming satisfactory completion of the project with the project sponsors and any key stakeholders
- K39 processes for evaluating the success of the project and any lessons which have been learned from undertaking the project
- K40 methods used for recognising the contributions of any project team members to successful projects

# CFAM&LFA5

## Manage projects

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### Behaviours

1. Recognise changes in circumstances promptly and adjust plans and activities accordingly
2. Identify the range of elements in a situation and how they relate to each other
3. Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
4. Act within the limits of your own authority
5. Watch out for potential risks and hazards
6. Prioritise objectives and plan work to make the effective use of time and resources
7. Take personal responsibility for making things happen
8. Clearly agree what is expected of others and hold them to account
9. Monitor the quality of work and progress against plans and take appropriate corrective action, where necessary
10. Take pride in delivering high quality work
11. Create a sense of common purpose
12. Make effective use of available resources
13. Seek new sources of support when necessary
14. Identify the implications or consequences of a situation
15. Take timely decisions that are realistic for the situation

### Skills

- Acting assertively
- Consulting
- Contingency planning
- Decision-making
- Delegating
- Evaluating
- Information management
- Involving others
- Leadership
- Managing conflict
- Motivating
- Negotiating
- Planning
- Presenting information
- Prioritising
- Problem solving
- Providing feedback
- Reporting
- Reviewing
- Risk management
- Setting objectives
- Stress management
- Thinking systematically
- Time management

# CFAM&LFA5

## Manage projects

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**Developed by** Skills CFA

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**Version number** 2.0

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**Date approved** March 2012

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**Indicative review date** March 2015

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**Validity** Current

---

**Status** Original

---

**Originating organisation** Skills CFA

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**Original URN** CFAM&LFA5

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**Relevant occupations** Managers and Senior Officials

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**Suite** Management & Leadership

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**Key words** Management & leadership; manage programmes

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#### Overview

This standard is about managing a specific programme of different projects which are separate but still depend on each other. Taken together, these projects will contribute to achieving more significant strategic goals.

This standard is relevant to managers and leaders who are responsible for managing programmes.

This standard links closely with CFAM&LFA5 Manage projects.

# CFAM&LFA4

## Manage programmes

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### Performance criteria

*You must be able to:*

- P1 establish overall programme objectives and how these link to strategic goals
- P2 engage those involved and other key stakeholders in managing programmes
- P3 establish the contribution different strands of the programme make to achieving overall programme objectives
- P4 ensure those involved understand how different strands of the programme link together and how the programme links to strategic goals
- P5 ensure those involved are clear about their specific roles and responsibilities and the roles and responsibilities of others with whom they interface
- P6 deploy resources in line with the requirements and priorities of the different strands of programme
- P7 make available any training, support or supervision people require to fulfil their roles and responsibilities
- P8 encourage those involved to identify and take advantage of synergies between different strands of the programme
- P9 hold individuals to account both for the fulfilment of their own responsibilities and for the achievement of the overall programme objectives
- P10 monitor the progress of different strands, and of the programme as a whole
- P11 engage those involved in proposing and taking effective action in light of significant variances, changes in the operating environment or changes in organisational strategy
- P12 ensure the programme achieves its objectives efficiently and effectively, on time and within budget
- P13 communicate progress and results of the programme and its different strands to those involved and other key stakeholders in ways which enhance commitment and support
- P14 make recommendations which identify good practice and areas for improvement

# CFAM&LFA4

## Manage programmes

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

#### General knowledge and understanding

- K1 how to engage those involved and other stakeholders in managing programmes
- K2 the difference between project and programme management
- K3 the roles and key responsibilities of a programme manager
- K4 principles, processes, tools and techniques for managing programmes.
- K5 principles and methods of delegation
- K6 how to hold people to account for the achievement of objectives
- K7 how to manage, motivate, plan, monitor and assess people
- K8 how to assess and manage risk
- K9 how to manage change within projects and programmes
- K10 principles and methods of effective communication and how to apply them
- K11 principles, methods and tools for monitoring the progress of different programme strands
- K12 how to evaluate a programme and identify lessons to be learned

#### Industry/sector specific knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K13 programme and project management tools and techniques commonly used in the industry or sector
- K14 risks and contingencies common to the industry/sector
- K15 industry/sector specific legislation, regulations, guidelines and codes of practice

#### Context specific knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K16 the programme sponsor(s) – the individual or group for whom the programme is being undertaken
- K17 key stakeholders – the individuals or groups who have a significant interest in the success of the programme and the organisation
- K18 general organisational policies, practices and activities that may affect the programme plan
- K19 the agreed key objectives and scope of the programme and the available resources
- K20 the overall vision, objectives and plans of the organisation and any other relevant programmes of work or projects being undertaken
- K21 procedures in your organisation for managing finance
- K22 procedures in your organisation for buying products and services
- K23 legal requirements that are relevant to your organisation
- K24 quality standards and processes within your organisation
- K25 personnel policies and procedures within your organisation

# CFAM&LFA4

## Manage programmes

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### Behaviours

1. Address multiple demands without losing focus or energy
2. Recognise changes in circumstances promptly and adjust plans and activities accordingly
3. Seek opportunities to improve performance
4. Find practical ways to overcome obstacles
5. Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
6. Keep people informed of plans and developments in a timely way
7. Clearly agree what is expected of others and hold them to account
8. Monitor the quality of work and progress against plans and take appropriate corrective action, where necessary
9. Create a sense of common purpose
10. Champion work to achieve common goals
11. Identify the range of elements in a situation and how they relate to each other
12. Work towards a clearly defined vision of the future

### Skills

- Acting assertively
- Analysing
- Balancing competing needs and interests
- Communicating
- Decision-making
- Delegating
- Influencing
- Information management
- Involving others
- Leadership
- Managing conflict
- Monitoring
- Motivating
- Negotiating
- Planning
- Presenting information
- Prioritising
- Problem solving
- Providing feedback
- Questioning
- Reporting
- Risk management
- Setting objectives
- Stress management
- Team building
- Thinking strategically
- Thinking systematically
- Time management

# CFAM&LFA4

## Manage programmes

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**Developed by** Skills CFA

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**Version number** 2.0

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**Date approved** March 2012

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**Indicative review date** March 2015

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**Validity** Current

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**Status** Original

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**Originating organisation** Skills CFA

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**Original URN** CFAM&LFA4

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**Relevant occupations** Managers and Senior Officials

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**Suite** Management & Leadership

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**Key words** Management & leadership; manage programmes

# CFAM&LEA3

## Manage the use of financial resources



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### Overview

This standard is about managing financial resources in order to achieve the objectives for your organisation or your area of responsibility.

This standard is for managers and leaders who manage financial resources for their organisation or a major area of responsibility, project or programme of work.

This standard links to CFAM&LEA1 Identify and justify requirements for financial resources and CFAM&LEA2 Obtain financial resources. It also links to standards on strategic and operational management, such as, CFAM&LFA1 Implement and evaluate strategic business plans, CFAM&LFA2 Implement operational plans, CFAM&LFA4 Manage programmes and CFAM&LFA5 Manage projects.

CFAM&LEA4 Manage budgets is for those who manage financial resources for more limited areas of work or projects.

## CFAM&LEA3

### Manage the use of financial resources

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#### Performance criteria

*You must be able to:*

- P1 confirm your financial responsibilities, including the limits of your authority, with those to whom you report
- P2 engage key stakeholders in managing finance to achieve objectives for your organisation or area of responsibility
- P3 gather and evaluate available financial information and the objectives and associated plans and identify priorities, potential problems and risks.
- P4 identify and make use of opportunities to delegate responsibility for budgets for clearly defined activities to colleagues, providing them with the required ongoing support and resources
- P5 discuss and, if appropriate, negotiate delegated budgets with colleagues and agree provisional budgets
- P6 develop a realistic master budget for your organisation or area and submit it for approval by those with decision-making responsibility for budgets, clearly specifying assumptions made, risks involved and how these will be managed
- P7 discuss and, if appropriate, negotiate the proposed master budget with those with decision-making responsibility and communicate the final budget to colleagues in your area
- P8 establish systems to monitor and evaluate performance against delegated budgets and the master budget and put contingency plans in place
- P9 identify the causes of any significant variances between what was budgeted for and what actually happened and discuss and ensure prompt corrective action is taken, obtaining agreement from those with decision-making responsibility, if required
- P10 propose revisions to the master budget, if necessary, in response to variances and/or significant or unforeseen developments and discuss and agree the revisions with those with decision-making responsibility
- P11 provide ongoing information on the financial performance of your area to those with decision-making responsibility
- P12 advise relevant people promptly if you have identified evidence of any potentially fraudulent activities
- P13 review the financial performance of your organisation or area and identify improvements to be implemented in the future

# CFAM&LEA3

## Manage the use of financial resources

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

#### General knowledge and understanding

- K1 the purposes of budgetary systems
- K2 the importance of agreeing your financial responsibilities, including the limits of your authority, with those to whom you report
- K3 where to get and how to evaluate the available financial information in order to be able to prepare a realistic master budget for your area.
- K4 the importance of taking account of the objectives and associated plans of your area in developing and operating the master budget
- K5 how to identify opportunities and delegate responsibility for budgets
- K6 the importance of consulting with colleagues in identifying priorities, potential problems and risks and generally preparing the budget for your area
- K7 how to discuss, negotiate and confirm budgets with colleagues in your area and with people who control the finance and the key factors that should be covered
- K8 how to establish systems to monitor and evaluate performance against budgets
- K9 the importance of contingency plans and the type of contingencies that may occur
- K10 the main causes of variances and how to identify them
- K11 what different types of corrective action could be taken to address identified variances
- K12 the importance of agreeing revisions to the budget and communicating the changes
- K13 the importance of providing regular information on the financial performance of your area to relevant people and what they might want to know
- K14 types of fraudulent activities and how to identify them
- K15 how to review the financial performance of your area against the stated objectives

#### Industry/sector specific knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K16 factors, trends and developments that are likely to affect financial management in your industry/sector
- K17 legal, regulatory and ethical requirements in the industry/sector

#### Context specific knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K18 the scope and nature of your area of responsibility including the vision, objectives and operational plans
- K19 your financial responsibilities, including the limits of your authority
- K20 those with budgetary responsibility in your organisation

## CFAM&LEA3

### Manage the use of financial resources

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- K21 financial information available in your organisation
- K22 activities for which budgets have been delegated
- K23 the budgeting periods used in your organisation
- K24 organisational guidelines and procedures for the preparation and approval of budgets and for monitoring and reporting of performance against budgets and revising budgets
- K25 the agreed master budget for your area, including delegated budgets
- K26 systems established for managing and evaluating performance against budgets
- K27 contingency plans put in place
- K28 what to do and whom to contact if you suspect fraud has been committed
- K29 who needs information on the financial performance of your area, what information they need, when they need it and in what format

# CFAM&LEA3

## Manage the use of financial resources

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### Behaviours

1. Recognise changes in circumstances promptly and adjust plans and activities accordingly
2. Present information clearly, concisely, accurately and in ways that promote understanding
3. Keep people informed of plans and developments in a timely way
4. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
5. Act within the limits of your authority
6. Identify and raise ethical concerns
7. Accurately calculate risks, and make provision so that unexpected events do not impede the achievement of objectives
8. Clearly agree what is expected of others and hold them to account
9. Monitor the quality of work and progress against plans and take appropriate corrective action, where necessary
10. Make effective use of existing sources of information
11. Check the accuracy and validity of information
12. Communicate clearly the value and benefits of a proposed course of action
13. Work towards win-win solutions
14. Identify the implications or consequences of a situation
15. Specify the assumptions made and risks involved in understanding a situation
16. Take and implement difficult and/or unpopular decisions, if necessary

### Skills

- Analysing
- Communicating
- Contingency planning
- Delegating
- Evaluating
- Forecasting
- Information management
- Involving others
- Monitoring
- Negotiating
- Planning
- Presenting information
- Problem solving
- Reporting
- Risk management
- Valuing and supporting others

## CFAM&LEA3

### Manage the use of financial resources

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<b>Developed by</b>	Skills CFA
<b>Version number</b>	2.0
<b>Date approved</b>	March 2012
<b>Indicative review date</b>	March 2015
<b>Validity</b>	Current
<b>Status</b>	Original
<b>Originating organisation</b>	Skills CFA
<b>Original URN</b>	CFAM&LEA3
<b>Relevant occupations</b>	Managers and Senior Officials
<b>Suite</b>	Management & Leadership
<b>Key words</b>	Management & leadership; finance; organisational objectives

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### Overview

This standard is about taking the lead in establishing and operating an effective risk management process across your organisation.

This standard is relevant to senior managers and leaders with particular responsibility for identifying, evaluating and managing risks to their organisation.

This standard underpins effective organisational management and leadership. It links closely with CFAM&LBA6 Develop strategic business plans and CFAM&LFA1 Implement and evaluate strategic business plans and with the other standards in key area BB Provide governance.

# CFAM&LBB1

## Manage risks to your organisation

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### Performance criteria

#### Apprehend suspected people

*You must be able to:*

- P1 take account of the size and nature of your organisation and ensure that risk management activity is proportionate
- P2 ensure that your organisation has a written risk management policy, including a statement of risk appetite and setting out responsibilities for risk management
- P3 ensure your organisation's risk management policy has management support and is clearly communicated across the organisation and to other relevant stakeholders
- P4 establish, and periodically review, risk criteria for your organisation, taking account of the views of relevant people across the organisation and stakeholders
- P5 evaluate significant current and planned organisational activities and identify potential risks, the nature of the risks, the probability of occurrence and consequences
- P6 produce a risk profile for your organisation and, taking account of the organisation's risk criteria and other relevant information, prioritise the identified risks
- P7 communicate information on identified risks to relevant people across the organisation and, where appropriate, to stakeholders, to enable decisions and actions to be taken in terms of accepting or treating the risks
- P8 ensure sufficient resources are allocated across the organisation to enable effective risk management
- P9 provide support for people across the organisation to integrate risk management into strategic and operational plans and activities
- P10 collect and evaluate information from across the organisation on how identified risks have been or are being dealt with, including contingency plans which have been put in place
- P11 develop an organisational culture in which people are risk aware but are prepared to take acceptable risks and to make and learn from mistakes
- P12 obtain specialist support on risk management issues, where necessary
- P13 monitor and review the effectiveness of the risk management process in your organisation, identifying potential improvements and making changes where necessary

# CFAM&LBB1

## Manage risks to your organisation

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

#### General knowledge and understanding

- K1 relevant national and international standards in risk management
- K2 types of risk and the factors which drive different types of risk
- K3 key stages in the risk management process
- K4 risk management tools, techniques and indicators
- K5 how to develop a written risk management policy and what it should cover
- K6 how to communicate the written risk management policy to people who work for the organisation and other relevant stakeholders
- K7 what risk criteria might cover and the importance of seeking and taking account of the views of relevant people across the organisation and stakeholders
- K8 ways of identifying and clearly describing potential risks in relation to current and planned activities, the nature of the risks, the probability of occurrence and consequences
- K9 the type of decisions and actions that might be taken in relation to identified risks
- K10 why it is important and how to collect and evaluate information on how identified risks have been or are being dealt with, including contingency plans
- K11 ways of developing an organisational culture in which people are risk aware but are prepared to take acceptable risks in undertaking activities
- K12 the type of resources required to raise risk awareness across the organisation

#### Industry/sector specific knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K13 sector-specific legislation, regulations, guidelines and codes of practice
- K14 significant trends and developments in the sectors in which your organisation operates
- K15 typical risks encountered in the sectors in which your organisation operates

#### Context specific knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K16 the vision, values, objectives and plans of your organisation
- K17 key stakeholders with an interest in risk management in your organisation
- K18 mechanisms for consulting with and the views of relevant people across your organisation and stakeholders in relation to risk
- K19 the written risk management policy of your organisation
- K20 the risk criteria of your organisation
- K21 current and planned organisational activities

# CFAM&LBB1

## Manage risks to your organisation

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- K22 the risk profile of your organisation and prioritised risks
- K23 decisions and actions taken across the organisation in relation to identified potential risks, including any contingency plans which have been put in place
- K24 your organisation's culture in relation to risk
- K25 resources available across the organisation to support risk management
- K26 sources of specialist support on risk management
- K27 systems in place for monitoring and reviewing the effectiveness of the risk management process in your organisation

# CFAM&LBB1

## Manage risks to your organisation

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### Behaviours

1. Seek opportunities to improve performance
2. Identify people's information needs
3. Identify people's preferred ways of communicating
4. Use communication media and styles appropriate to different people and situations
5. Balance risks against the benefits that may arise from taking risks
6. Comply with, and ensure others comply with, legal requirements, industry regulations, organisational policies and professional codes
7. Watch out for potential risks and hazards
8. Take personal responsibility for making things happen
9. Protect your own and others' work against negative impacts
10. Protect the confidentiality and security of information
11. Recognise stakeholders' needs and interests and manage these effectively
12. Anticipate likely future scenarios based on a realistic analysis of trends and developments
13. Identify the implications or consequences of a situation

### Skills

- Assessing
- Communicating
- Consulting
- Contingency planning
- Decision-making
- Evaluating
- Influencing
- Information management
- Involving others
- Leadership
- Monitoring
- Persuading
- Planning
- Presenting information
- Prioritising
- Reviewing
- Risk management
- Scenario building
- Thinking systematically

# CFAM&LBB1

## Manage risks to your organisation

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<b>Developed by</b>	Skills CFA
<b>Version number</b>	2.0
<b>Date approved</b>	March 2012
<b>Indicative review date</b>	March 2015
<b>Validity</b>	Current
<b>Status</b>	Original
<b>Originating organisation</b>	Skills CFA
<b>Original URN</b>	CFAM&LBB1
<b>Relevant occupations</b>	Managers and Senior Officials
<b>Suite</b>	Management & Leadership
<b>Key words</b>	Management & leadership; managing risk; organisation

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### Overview

This unit is part of the Customer Service Theme of Delivery. This Theme covers Customer Service behaviours and processes that have most effect on the customer experience during Customer Service delivery. Remember that customers include everyone you provide a service to. They may be external to your organisation or they may be internal customers.

This unit is all about how you deliver consistent and reliable service to customers. As well as being good with people, you need to work with your organisation's service systems to meet or exceed customer expectations. In your job there will be many examples of how you combine your approach and behaviour with your organisation's systems. You need to prepare for each transaction with a customer, deal with different types of customers in different circumstances and check that what you have done has met customer expectations. To meet this standard you have to deliver excellent customer service over and over again.

# CFACSB2

## Deliver reliable customer service

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### Performance criteria

#### Prepare to deal with your customers

*You must be able to:*

- P1 keep your knowledge of your organisation's services or products up-to-date
- P2 ensure that the area you work in is tidy, safe and organised efficiently
- P3 prepare and arrange everything you need to deal with your customers before your shift or period of work commences

#### Give consistent service to customers

*You must be able to:*

- P4 make realistic customer service promises to your customers
- P5 ensure that your promises balance the needs of your customers and your organisation
- P6 keep your promises to your customers
- P7 inform your customers if you cannot keep your promises due to unforeseen circumstances
- P8 recognise when your customers' needs or expectations have changed and adapt your service to meet their new requirements
- P9 keep your customers informed if delivery of the service needs to involve passing them on to another person or organisation

#### Check customer service delivery

*You must be able to:*

- P10 check that the service you have given meets your customers' needs and expectations
- P11 identify when you could have given better service to your customers and how your service could have been improved
- P12 share information with colleagues and service partners to maintain and improve your standards of service delivery

# CFACSB2

## Deliver reliable customer service

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 your organisation's services or products
- K2 your organisation's procedures and systems for delivering customer service
- K3 methods or systems for measuring an organisation's effectiveness in delivering customer service
- K4 your organisation's procedures and systems for checking service delivery
- K5 your organisation's requirements for health and safety in your area of work

## CFACSB2

### Deliver reliable customer service

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<b>Developed by</b>	Skills CFA
<b>Version number</b>	1
<b>Date approved</b>	January 2010
<b>Indicative review date</b>	January 2013
<b>Validity</b>	Current
<b>Status</b>	Original
<b>Originating organisation</b>	Institute of Customer Service
<b>Original URN</b>	B2
<b>Relevant occupations</b>	Administration; Sales and Customer Services Occupations; Customer Service Occupations
<b>Suite</b>	Customer Service 2010
<b>Key words</b>	reliability, delivery, service systems, customer expectations, efficiency, balance needs, customer service, communication, problem solving, behaviours, work with others, teamwork

# SFJCCAD1

## Develop, maintain and evaluate business continuity plans and arrangements



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### Overview

This unit is about developing, maintaining and evaluating business continuity plans to ensure that organisations continue to exercise core functions in the event of a business interruption or emergency.

This applies to any public, private or voluntary sector organisation which may be affected by business interruption or emergency, including emergency responders who need to maintain their own capabilities in the event of an emergency.

### Target Group

The unit is recommended for those who are involved in developing, maintaining and evaluating business continuity plans and arrangements. This includes managers in organisations and those with specific responsibility for co-ordinating business continuity arrangements.

# SFJCCAD1

## Develop, maintain and evaluate business continuity plans and arrangements

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### Performance criteria

- You must be able to:*
- P1 consult within the organisation and with other relevant partners in the development of plans and arrangements
  - P2 confirm the required aim, scope and objectives of plans and arrangements
  - P3 identify key products or services and the critical activities and resources that support them
  - P4 have regard for the resilience of internal structures and processes and that of relevant external organisations
  - P5 identify and assess alternative strategies to mitigate the effects of business interruption or emergencies
  - P6 develop plans and arrangements in accordance with the business continuity management life cycle
  - P7 provide a framework for management, co-ordination and control including:
    - P7.1 procedures for determining when the plan must be invoked
    - P7.2 roles and responsibilities of key people in the organisation
    - P7.3 prioritisation of organisational processes or services
    - P7.4 procedures for activating response arrangements
    - P7.5 provision of resources (e.g. people, premises, technology, equipment)
    - P7.6 provision of resilient information and communications systems
  - P8 balance resources committed to business continuity management with an assessment of potential impact of emergencies
  - P9 present plans and arrangements clearly, concisely and in ways that promote understanding
  - P10 encourage the ownership of plans and arrangements at the appropriate departmental level
  - P11 raise awareness of plans and arrangements (e.g. with senior managers and decision makers, other relevant staff, stakeholders and the wider community)
  - P12 ensure provision of training for relevant staff or other persons
  - P13 ensure provision of exercises to validate and practice plans and arrangements
  - P14 arrange for circulation of all or part of business continuity plans, where appropriate
  - P15 ensure plans are reviewed systematically and kept up to date, in line with the potential impact of disruption or emergencies, organisational changes and lessons identified from incidents and exercises

# SFJCCAD1

## Develop, maintain and evaluate business continuity plans and arrangements

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 current legislation, guidance and standards relevant to business continuity management
- K2 the legislation, regulations and related guidance relevant to information sharing
- K3 how to confirm the aim, scope and objectives of business continuity plans and arrangements
- K4 the importance of involving relevant stakeholders in the planning process and recognising their requirements and expectations
- K5 the business continuity management life cycle
- K6 the potential impact of emergencies on the organisation
- K7 how to conduct business impact analysis
- K8 the roles and structure of local and regional forums for Integrated Emergency Management (IEM)
- K9 how to identify aspects of business continuity planning which can be addressed by training or exercising
- K10 how to plan for provision of relevant resources in the event of a business interruption or emergency
- K11 the information needs following a business interruption or emergency
- K12 how to identify critical and non-critical functions of the organisation
- K13 the organisation's structure, governance and business processes
- K14 the organisation's priorities for processes or service delivery
- K15 methods of raising awareness of business continuity plans and arrangements
- K16 the importance of obtaining ownership of plans and arrangements at the appropriate departmental level
- K17 the importance of developing a business continuity management culture within an organisation
- K18 how and why business continuity plans must be systematically reviewed

# SFJCCAD1

## Develop, maintain and evaluate business continuity plans and arrangements

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### Behaviours

Listed below are the main generic skills and attitudes which need to be applied. These are explicit/implicit in the detailed content of the unit and are listed here as additional information.

1. community minded
2. determined
3. open minded
4. realistic

### Skills

1. analysing
2. communicating
3. consulting
4. impact analysis
5. influencing
6. interpersonal
7. interviewing
8. negotiating
9. networking
10. organising
11. leadership
12. prioritisation
13. problem solving
14. project management
15. plan/report writing
16. strategy planning

### Glossary

Frequently used terms and how they should be interpreted in the context of the Civil Contingencies NOS

#### **Business continuity plan**

A documented set of procedures and information intended to deliver continuity of critical functions in the event of a disruption

#### **Business impact analysis**

A method of assessing the impacts that might result from an incident and the levels of resources and time required for recovery

#### **Organisation**

Public, private or voluntary bodies

### Links to other NOS

This unit is linked to

1. CC AB1 Anticipate and assess the risk of emergencies
2. CC AD2 Promote business continuity management
3. CC AE1 Create exercises to practice or validate emergency or business continuity arrangements
4. CC AE2 Direct and facilitate exercises to practice or validate

## SFJCCAD1

### Develop, maintain and evaluate business continuity plans and arrangements

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5. CC AF1 emergency or business continuity arrangements  
Raise awareness of the risk, potential impact and arrangement in place for emergencies.

## SFJCCAD1

Develop, maintain and evaluate business continuity plans and arrangements

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<b>Developed by</b>	Skills for Justice
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<b>Version number</b>	1
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<b>Date approved</b>	November 2008
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<b>Indicative review date</b>	November 2013
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<b>Validity</b>	Current
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<b>Status</b>	Original
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<b>Originating organisation</b>	Skills for Justice
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<b>Original URN</b>	SFJCCAD1
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<b>Relevant occupations</b>	Health, Public Services and Care; Public Service and Other Associate Professionals
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<b>Suite</b>	Civil Contingencies
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<b>Key words</b>	anticipate, promote, create, facilitate
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# SFJCCAC1

## Develop, maintain and evaluate emergency plans and arrangements



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### Overview

This unit is about developing, maintaining and evaluating emergency plans and arrangements to enable the reduction, control or mitigation of the effects of emergencies and provide a framework for the long term recovery of communities affected by the emergency.

### Target Group

The unit is recommended for those who are involved in developing, maintaining and evaluating emergency plans and arrangements.

# SFJCCAC1

## Develop, maintain and evaluate emergency plans and arrangements

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### Performance criteria

- You must be able to:*
- P1 develop plans and arrangements through consultation with those in your organisation and other partners likely to be involved in an emergency response
  - P2 confirm the required aim, scope and objectives of plans and arrangements
  - P3 develop plans and arrangements with regard to:
    - P3.1 relevant risk assessments and the characteristics of localities
    - P3.2 the welfare of vulnerable groups and the wider community
  - P4 provide a framework for management, co-ordination and control including:
    - P4.1 procedures for enabling risk mitigation
    - P4.2 procedures for determining whether an emergency has occurred
    - P4.3 roles and responsibilities of responders
    - P4.4 procedures for alerting staff and activating response arrangements
    - P4.5 provision of resources (e.g. equipment, facilities, finance)
    - P4.6 provision of resilient information and communications systems
    - P4.7 arrangements to warn, inform and advise the community
  - P5 raise awareness of emergency plans and arrangements (e.g. with responders, relevant staff and the wider community)
  - P6 ensure provision of training for relevant staff or other persons
  - P7 ensure reference to provision of exercises to validate and practice plans and arrangements
  - P8 maintain records of key decisions agreed in the planning process with and between the main parties
  - P9 present plans and arrangements clearly, concisely and in ways that promote understanding
  - P10 ensure ownership of plans and arrangements by senior managers and decision makers
  - P11 arrange for circulation of all or part of emergency plans, where appropriate
  - P12 ensure systems are in place to keep plans up to date in response to changes within the organisation
  - P13 ensure plans are reviewed systematically in line with current risk assessments, lessons identified from incidents and exercises, and any changes to guidance and legislation

# SFJCCAC1

## Develop, maintain and evaluate emergency plans and arrangements

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 the importance of involving in the planning process all those who are likely to use, or be guided by, the plans and arrangements and all other relevant stakeholders
- K2 when plans and arrangements require collaborative working with other agencies (including voluntary agencies)
- K3 the roles and structure of local and regional forums for co-operation on emergency planning
- K4 how to confirm the aim, scope and objectives of emergency plans and arrangements
- K5 the purpose of generic and specific emergency plans
- K6 the principles of Integrated Emergency Management (IEM)
- K7 the emergency planning cycle
- K8 the available national, regional and local risk assessments, and their role in emergency planning
- K9 the likelihood and consequences of the risk for which the plan is being created
- K10 the potential impact of emergencies on people in your area of responsibility
- K11 the potential impact of emergencies on the environment
- K12 how to identify aspects of emergency planning which can be addressed by training or exercising
- K13 the resources, infrastructure and communities of the local area
- K14 the information needs following an emergency
- K15 your organisation's service delivery priorities
- K16 methods of raising awareness of emergency plans and arrangements
- K17 the legislation, regulations and related guidance relevant to emergency planning

# SFJCCAC1

## Develop, maintain and evaluate emergency plans and arrangements

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### Behaviours

Listed below are the main generic skills and attitudes which need to be applied. These are explicit/implicit in the detailed content of the unit and are listed here as additional information.

1. community minded
2. determined
3. empathetic
4. flexible
5. investigative
6. open minded
7. realistic

### Skills

1. analysing
2. communicating
3. consulting
4. impact analysis
5. information management
6. influencing
7. negotiating
8. organising
9. plan/report writing
10. prioritisation
11. problem solving
12. project management
13. research
14. setting objectives

### Glossary

Frequently used terms and how they should be interpreted in the context of the Civil Contingencies NOS

#### **Community**

Individuals and organisations in localities including adults, children and young people, vulnerable people, residential homes, businesses etc

#### **Emergency plan**

An agreement to conduct a set of actions which should be understood by those who carry out the actions and guides what they do

#### **Generic emergency plan**

A single plan designed to cope with a wide range of emergencies

#### **Specific emergency plan**

A plan designed to cope with a specific type of emergency, where the generic plan is likely to be insufficient

#### **Integrated Emergency Management (IEM)**

An approach to preventing and managing emergencies which entails six key activities – anticipation, assessment, prevention, preparation, response and recovery. IEM is geared to the idea of building greater overall resilience in

# SFJCCAC1

## Develop, maintain and evaluate emergency plans and arrangements

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the face of a broad range of disruptive challenges. It requires a coherent multi-agency effort.

### Links to other NOS

This unit is linked to:

1. CC AA1 Work in co-operation with other organisations
2. CC AB1 Anticipate and assess the risk of emergencies
3. CC AE1 Create exercises to practice or validate emergency or business continuity arrangements
4. CC AE2 Direct and facilitate exercises to practice or validate emergency or business continuity arrangements
5. CC AF1 Raise awareness of the risk, potential impact and arrangements in place for emergencies.

# SFJCCAC1

Develop, maintain and evaluate emergency plans and arrangements

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**Developed by** Skills for Justice

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**Version number** 1

---

**Date approved** November 2008

---

**Indicative review date** November 2013

---

**Validity** Current

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**Status** Original

---

**Originating organisation** Skills for Justice

---

**Original URN** SFJCCAC1

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**Relevant occupations** Health, Public Services and Care; Public Service and Other Associate Professionals

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**Suite** Civil Contingencies

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**Key words** co-operation, anticipate, assess, practice, validate

## CCS17

# Contribute to safeguarding children, young people and vulnerable adults



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### Overview

This unit is about the role you have in ensuring that children, young people and vulnerable adults can take part in activities in a safe and supportive environment which is free from harassment, bullying, threats or other forms of abuse. Maltreatment of this kind may come from other participants, leaders, facilitators, parents or other adults present during activities and can have a very negative effect on the individual's confidence, self-esteem and attitude to their activity. It is recognised that to maintain the integrity of the activity there are occasions when appropriate contact is necessary. You must also ensure that your own conduct does not have a negative impact or lead to accusations of abuse.

## CCS17

### Contribute to safeguarding children, young people and vulnerable adults

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#### Performance criteria

#### Ensure you and the people you work with behave appropriately with young and vulnerable people

##### *You must be able to:*

- P1 present a positive role model to children, young people and vulnerable adults at all times
- P2 establish and develop a relationship of mutual trust and respect with children, young people and vulnerable adults people
- P3 communicate with children, young people and vulnerable adults in a way that is appropriate to their age and stage of development
- P4 if appropriate, interact with children, young people and vulnerable adults in an open environment where others are present
- P5 maintain a safe and appropriate distance from children, young people and vulnerable adults
- P6 avoid physical contact that may be seen as intimate or abusive
- P7 promote positive interaction and help children, young people and vulnerable adults enjoy their activity
- P8 give children, young people and vulnerable adults constructive and positive feedback
- P9 take action in a way that is sensitive to the age and stage of development of the children, young people and vulnerable adults.

#### Identify and assess possible risks to children, young people and vulnerable adults

##### *You must be able to:*

- P10 monitor interactions between other people and children, young people and vulnerable adults, where possible
- P11 identify words and behaviour by other people that may be seen as poor practice/abusive
- P12 assess whether words and behaviour may be causing harm or distress to the children, young people and vulnerable adults
- P13 identify and prevent any attempts to visually record children, young people and vulnerable adults which have not been authorised by organisational guidelines
- P14 monitor activity conditions and assess their impact on children, young people and vulnerable adults.

#### Respond to risks to young and vulnerable people

##### *You must be able to:*

- P15 stop activities temporarily if you assess there is an immediate risk to the children, young people and vulnerable adults
- P16 check that your understanding of the situation is correct and distinguish between fact and opinion
- P17 take appropriate action against people engaging in the poor practice/abusive behaviour

## **CCS17**

### **Contribute to safeguarding children, young people and vulnerable adults**

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- P18 follow your organisation's procedures for reporting poor practice/abusive behaviour
- P19 take appropriate action when you judge that activities or conditions present an unacceptable level of risk to children, young people and vulnerable adults

## CCS17

# Contribute to safeguarding children, young people and vulnerable adults

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 why it is important to safeguard children, young people and vulnerable adults and understand the impact that abuse can have on their welfare and development
- K2 basic requirements of relevant legislation covering child protection and their implications for your role
- K3 the requirements and procedures of your organisation in relation to child protection as they apply to your role
- K4 the principles of the duty of care in relation to children, young people and vulnerable adults
- K5 the importance of behaving appropriately with children, young people and vulnerable adults in order to safeguard them, and protect you from possible accusations of abuse
- K6 how children, young people and vulnerable adults experience activities and interact with other people
- K7 why it is important to present a positive role model to children, young people and vulnerable adults and what constitutes a positive role model
- K8 how to develop a relationship of mutual trust and respect with children, young people and vulnerable adults and why this is important
- K9 how to communicate with children, young people and vulnerable adults, taking account of their age and stage of development and why this is important
- K10 communication difficulties that some children, young people and vulnerable adults may experience
- K11 the impact of body language when communicating with children, young people and vulnerable adults and how to use body language in a way that is not intimidating
- K12 why it is important to promote positive interaction to children, young people and vulnerable adults
- K13 how to give constructive and positive feedback to children, young people and vulnerable adults
- K14 why it is important to be sensitive to the stage of development of the children, young people and vulnerable adults when taking actions against behaviour
- K15 words and behaviour that could represent abuse to children, young people and vulnerable adults
- K16 the dangers of other people making visual records of children, young people and vulnerable adults
- K17 the procedures you should follow when you assess that children, young people and vulnerable adults are at risk from abuse
- K18 reporting procedures within your organisation and externally when you witness abuse or have concerns about possible abuse

# CCS17

Contribute to safeguarding children, young people and vulnerable adults

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**Developed by** Creative Cultural Skills

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**Version number**

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**Date approved** March 2008

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**Indicative review date**

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**Validity** Current

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**Status** Original

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**Originating organisation** Creative Cultural Skills

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**Original URN** CCS17

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**Relevant occupations**

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**Suite** CC Skills Community Arts NOS

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**Key words**

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### Overview

This standard is about calming a potentially dangerous situation by minimizing actions or words that may trigger violent behaviour and by showing respect for people, their property and rights. It is about responding to a situation, trying to calm it down and, when appropriate, leaving a threatening situation safely. It is also about reviewing the incident for recording and monitoring purposes.

This unit includes the following activities:

1. Help to diffuse a potentially violent situation
2. Review your involvement in the incident

### Target Group

This standard is for those who find themselves in a situation at work where they need to protect themselves.

This standard is imported from the ENTO (formerly the Employment NTO) suite of standards.

# SfS 1

## Protect yourself from the risk of violence at work

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### Performance criteria

#### Help to diffuse a potentially violent situation

*You must be able to:*

- P1 maintain a calm, reassuring and professional attitude towards those presenting unacceptable behaviour
- P2 maintain a safe distance and avoid physical contact if possible
- P3 communicate with those presenting unacceptable behaviour in a way that: shows respect for them, their property and their rights, is free from discrimination and oppressive behaviour
- P4 keep the situation under review and act to reduce the risks to the safety of all those affected by the incident
- P5 take action to calm the situation which will: not make the situation worse, follow your organisation's policy and procedures and your legal responsibilities, minimise the risk of injury to you and other people
- P6 where you are unable to calm the situation down, request assistance promptly as required by organisational procedures
- P7 end contact with those presenting unacceptable behaviour and leave the situation if the threat to your own safety and that of other people cannot be effectively managed
- P8 explain clearly to the people involved as appropriate: what you will do, what they should do and the likely consequences if the present situation continues

#### Review your involvement in the incident

*You must be able to:*

- P9 review the sequence of events leading up to the incident
- P10 discuss with relevant people whether organisational procedures helped or hindered the incident
- P11 complete records in accordance with organisational requirements about: your actions at the time of the incident, the circumstances and severity of the incident, the measures taken to protect you and other people, action taken to try to calm the situation down
- P12 assess the organisation's and your own risk assessment relevant to your activities and establish their adequacy for dealing with similar incidents
- P13 make recommendations to the relevant people for reducing the risk of further similar incidents
- P14 identify areas where you would benefit from training
- P15 contribute to good practice by sharing relevant non confidential information with other people in similar job roles which could help reduce incidents of violence
- P16 make use of available support and advice to help prevent any incident-related health problems, where appropriate

# SfS 1

## Protect yourself from the risk of violence at work

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### Knowledge and understanding

#### Protect yourself from the risk of violence at work

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 your legal duties for ensuring your well-being, safety and health in the workplace as explained by relevant legislation for health and safety at work
- K2 your job role, responsibilities and limitations
- K3 your own capabilities and limitations in terms of protecting yourself in potentially violent situations
- K4 when it is appropriate and possible to maintain a safe distance and avoid physical contact
- K5 the importance of showing respect for people, their property and rights and how to do so
- K6 how to avoid behaviour or language that may indicate you are being discriminatory or oppressive
- K7 how to interpret simple body language and the importance of acknowledging other people's personal space
- K8 the importance of remaining alert to triggers of violent behaviour
- K9 the importance of planning how you will leave a situation if there is a physical risk including identifying where the nearest exit routes are
- K10 the main signs that a situation could escalate to violent behaviour and how to recognise these
- K11 when to leave the scene of the incident, seek help and safe techniques for leaving the situation
- K12 the types of action and behaviour you can take to calm situations
- K13 your organisation's procedures for dealing with violent behaviour
- K14 the importance of having the opportunity to talk to someone about the incident afterwards
- K15 the reports that have to be made and the records that have to be kept about a potential or actual incident of violence
- K16 methods of effective communication

# SfS 1

## Protect yourself from the risk of violence at work

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**Developed by** ENTO

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**Version number** 1

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**Date approved** May 2007

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**Indicative review date**

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**Validity**

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**Status** Original

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**Originating organisation** ENTO

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**Original URN** WRV 2

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**FM position**

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**Relevant occupations**

## SfS 2

# Make sure your own actions reduce the risks to health and safety



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### Overview

This standard addresses the health and safety responsibilities for everyone in your workplace. It describes the competences required to make sure that: Your own actions do not create any health and safety hazards, you do not ignore significant risks in your workplace, and you take sensible action to put things right, including: reporting situations which pose a danger to people in the workplace and seeking advice.

Fundamental to this unit is an understanding of the terms "hazard", "risk" and "control".

This unit includes the following activities:

1. Identify the hazards and evaluate the risks in your workplace
2. Reduce the risks to health and safety in your workplace

### Target Group

This standard is for everyone at work (whether paid, unpaid, full or part-time). It is about having an appreciation of significant risks in your workplace, knowing how to identify and deal with them.

This standard is imported from the ENTO (formerly the Employment NTO) suite of standards

## SfS 2

### Make sure your own actions reduce the risks to health and safety

---

#### Performance criteria

#### Identify the hazards and evaluate the risks in your workplace

*You must be able to:*

- P1 identify which workplace instructions are relevant to your job
- P2 identify those working practices in your job which could harm you or others
- P3 identify those aspects of your workplace which could harm you or others
- P4 check which of the potentially harmful working practices and aspects of your workplace present the highest risks to you or to others
- P5 deal with hazards in accordance with workplace instructions and legal requirements
- P6 correctly name and locate the people responsible for health and safety in your workplace
- P7 report to the people responsible for health and safety in your workplace those hazards which present the highest risks

#### Reduce the risks to health and safety in your workplace

*You must be able to:*

- P8 carry out your work in accordance with your level of competence, workplace instructions, suppliers or manufacturers instructions and legal requirements
- P9 control those health and safety risks within your capability and job responsibilities
- P10 pass on suggestions for reducing risks to health and safety to the responsible people
- P11 make sure your behaviour does not endanger the health and safety of you or others in your workplace
- P12 follow the workplace instructions and suppliers' or manufacturers' instructions for the safe use of equipment, materials and products
- P13 report any differences between workplace instructions and suppliers' or manufacturers' instructions
- P14 make sure that your personal presentation and behaviour at work: protects the health and safety of you and others, meets any legal responsibilities, and is in accordance with workplace instructions
- P15 make sure you follow environmentally-friendly working practices

## SfS 2

### Make sure your own actions reduce the risks to health and safety

---

#### Knowledge and understanding

#### Legal and organisational requirements

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 what “hazards” and “risks” are
- K2 your responsibilities and legal duties for health and safety in the workplace
- K3 your responsibilities for health and safety as required by the law covering your job role
- K4 the hazards which exist in your workplace and the safe working practices which you must follow
- K5 the particular health and safety hazards which may be present in your own job and the precautions you must take
- K6 the importance of remaining alert to the presence of hazards in the whole workplace
- K7 the importance of dealing with, or promptly reporting, risks
- K8 the responsibilities for health and safety in your job description
- K9 the safe working practices for your own job
- K10 the responsible people you should report health and safety matters to
- K11 where and when to get additional health and safety assistance
- K12 your scope and responsibility for controlling risks
- K13 workplace instructions for managing risks which you are unable to deal with
- K14 suppliers’ and manufacturers’ instructions for the safe use of equipment, materials and products which you must follow
- K15 the importance of personal presentation in maintaining health and safety in your workplace
- K16 the importance of personal behaviour in maintaining the health and safety of you and others
- K17 the risks to the environment which may be present in your workplace and/or in your own job

## SfS 2

Make sure your own actions reduce the risks to health and safety

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**Developed by** ENTO

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**Version number** 1

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**Date approved** May 2007

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**Indicative review date**

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**Validity**

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**Status** Original

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**Originating organisation** ENTO

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**Original URN** HSS1

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**FM position**

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**Relevant occupations**

## SfS 3

# Promote a healthy and safe culture in the workplace



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### Overview

This standard is about undertaking the research and planning that is necessary to develop a positive health and safety culture and involving others through consultation, communication and presentations. It is also about encouraging a culture where changes, which may impact on health and safety instructions, are discussed and resolved with the people responsible for health and safety matters.

This unit includes the following activities:

1. Develop plans to promote a health and safety culture in the workplace
2. Implement plans to promote a health and safety culture in the workplace

### Target Group

This standard is for those who have responsibility for encouraging others to become aware of the importance of following health and safety instructions by promoting the benefits of doing so.

This standard is imported from the ENTO (formerly the Employment NTO) suite of standards

## SfS 3

### Promote a healthy and safe culture in the workplace

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#### Performance criteria

#### Develop plans to promote a health and safety culture in the workplace

*You must be able to:*

- P1 accurately identify where improvements and changes may be necessary using current sources of information available in the workplace
- P2 find out how information on health and safety instructions and regulations is currently communicated within the workplace
- P3 find out the current level of understanding of, and support for, health and safety instructions and procedures by people at the workplace
- P4 base your improvement plans on your findings
- P5 concisely describe in your plans those resources which are necessary to improve the current health and safety culture
- P6 include suitable performance measures and review dates in your plans

#### Implement plans to promote a health and safety culture in the workplace

*You must be able to:*

- P7 present your plans for promoting a health and safety culture to the appropriate people in a clear and effective manner
- P8 identify those people in the workplace who will require information and advice about the plans to promote a health and safety culture in the workplace
- P9 check that relevant information and advice is provided at an appropriate time, level and pace
- P10 make sure your plans include promoting the advantages and legal necessities of following health and safety procedures
- P11 provide practical opportunities for regular consultation on health and safety issues and ways of encouraging ideas on good practice
- P12 regularly monitor the effectiveness of your plans against agreed performance measures
- P13 identify and review opportunities for further improvements to the health and safety culture in the workplace

## SfS 3

### Promote a healthy and safe culture in the workplace

---

#### Knowledge and understanding

#### Promote a healthy and safe culture in the workplace

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 the employers' and employees' main legal responsibilities for health and safety in the workplace
- K2 your responsibilities for health and safety as defined by any specific legislation covering your job role
- K3 how to interpret workplace health and safety data, kept at the workplace on risk assessment, incidents and complaints, as an indication of the level of understanding of health and safety within the workplace
- K4 the organisation structure and lines of communication
- K5 workplace instructions for communicating and consulting with colleagues and others in the workplace
- K6 what hazards may exist in your workplace
- K7 the particular health and safety risks which may be present in your own job role
- K8 the particular health and safety risks which may be present in other job roles
- K9 the importance of remaining alert to the presence of hazards in the whole workplace
- K10 the importance of dealing with, or promptly reporting, risks
- K11 the work areas and job roles where you are reviewing the current working practices
- K12 workplace requirements for conducting a review of current working practices
- K13 your own capabilities and the scope of your job role
- K14 the work areas and people who work there
- K15 the information needs of those people in the workplace affected by the plans
- K16 the available information sources on health and safety within the workplace
- K17 the importance of keeping people regularly informed and discussing their involvement

## SfS 3

Promote a healthy and safe culture in the workplace

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**Developed by** ENTO

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**Version number** 1

---

**Date approved** May 2007

---

**Indicative review date**

---

**Validity**

---

**Status** Original

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**Originating organisation** ENTO

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**Original URN** HSS4

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**FM position**

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**Relevant occupations**

# SfS 4

## Communicate effectively with others



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### Overview

This standard is about communicating effectively with others – orally, in writing, using electronic and/or telecommunication and using non-verbal forms of communication.

The term ‘others’ is used broadly to cover any child, adult, group, community or agency that workers come into contact with, either directly or indirectly. It includes members of the public, individuals who are clients of the security sector, and colleagues in the workplace.

This unit includes the following activities:

1. Develop and maintain communication with people
2. Maintain the security of information

### Target Group

This standard is designed to be applicable to everyone who works in the security sector.

## SfS 4

### Communicate effectively with others

---

#### Performance criteria

#### Develop and maintain communication with people

*You must be able to:*

- P1 communicate in a manner that is consistent with relevant legislation, policies and procedures
- P2 communicate with people in a form and manner and using language that:
  - P2.1 is open and respectful of them as individuals,
  - P2.2 is consistent with their level of understanding, culture, background and preferred ways of communicating,
  - P2.3 is appropriate to the context in which the communication is taking place,
  - P2.4 promotes equality and values diversity
- P3 give people opportunities to check their understanding of the information you have given them and ask questions
- P4 take the appropriate action to reduce any barriers to effective communication
- P5 make records that are accurate, legible and complete, contain only the information necessary for the record's purpose, and are free from labelling and discrimination
- P6 seek support when you are having difficulty communicating effectively

#### Maintain the security of information

*You must be able to:*

- P7 comply with legislation, policies and procedures related to the security of information
- P8 disclose information only to those who have the right and need to know it
- P9 take the appropriate precautions when communicating confidential or sensitive information
- P10 maintain the security of records when handling and storing them
- P11 alert the appropriate person when you think the security of information is not being maintained or information is being misused

## SfS 4

### Communicate effectively with others

---

#### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

#### Communicate effectively with others

- K1 the legislation, organisational policies and procedures that apply to communication and particularly the security and management of information
- K2 the nature of effective communication (including when you feel confident communicating and when you do not)
- K3 the reasons for effective communication being an essential aspect of work in the security sector
- K4 the barriers to effective communication including:
  - K4.1 those related to personal differences in: culture, language, gender, literacy levels, experience, health/illness
  - K4.2 environmental barriers
  - K4.3 social barriers
- K5 how to modify communication so that the differences between you and the people you are communicating with are minimised
- K6 how to communicate with people in ways which are open to them, show respect and promote equality and value diversity (non-verbally, orally, in writing and electronically)
- K7 how the context in which communication takes place can affect people's ability to understand and communicate
- K8 the reasons for checking with people to ensure that they understand the information you are giving them and allowing them to ask questions
- K9 the actions that can be taken to reduce barriers to communication and how to put them into practice
- K10 the nature and purpose of the records you make
- K11 the nature of information that might be sensitive and/or confidential and the subtleties of this
- K12 the reasons for records only containing the information that is necessary for the record's purpose and being free from labelling and discrimination
- K13 the reasons for only disclosing information to those people who have the right and need to know it and how you identify these people
- K14 what the appropriate precautions might be when communicating information
- K15 how to handle and store information securely and safely
- K16 the reasons for alerting an appropriate person when you have concerns about the handling of/misuse of information and who that person might be on different occasions and in different circumstances

## SfS 4

### Communicate effectively with others

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**Developed by** Skills for Security

---

**Version number** 1

---

**Date approved** May 2010

---

**Indicative review date** May 2013

---

**Validity** Current

---

**Status** Original

---

**Originating organisation** Skills for Security

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**Original URN**

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**FM position**

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**Relevant occupations**

# SfS 5

## Give a positive image of yourself



---

### Overview

This standard is about communicating with customers and giving a positive impression of yourself whenever you deal with a customer. By doing this you will also be giving a positive impression of your organisation and the customer service it provides.

This unit includes the following activities:

1. Establish effective rapport with customers
2. Respond appropriately to customers
3. Communicate information to customers

### Target Group

This standard is for those whose work within customer service involves creating the right impression, responding to others and providing good information.

## SfS 5

### Give a positive image of yourself

---

#### Performance criteria

#### Establish effective rapport with customers

*You must be able to:*

- P1 meet your organisation's standards of appearance and behaviour
- P2 greet your customer respectfully and in a friendly manner
- P3 communicate with your customer in a way that makes them feel valued and respected
- P4 identify and confirm your customer's expectations
- P5 treat your customer courteously and helpfully at all times
- P6 keep your customer informed and reassured
- P7 adapt your behaviour to respond effectively to different customer behaviour

#### Respond appropriately to customers

*You must be able to:*

- P8 respond promptly to a customer seeking assistance
- P9 select the most appropriate way of communicating with your customer
- P10 check with your customer that you have fully understood their expectations
- P11 respond promptly and positively to your customers' questions and comments
- P12 allow your customer time to consider your response and give further explanation when appropriate

#### Communicate information to customers

*You must be able to:*

- P13 quickly locate information that will help your customer
- P14 give your customer the information they need about the services or products offered by your organisation
- P15 recognise information that your customer might find complicated and check whether they fully understand
- P16 explain clearly to your customer any reasons why their needs or expectations cannot be met

## SfS 5

### Give a positive image of yourself

---

#### Knowledge and understanding

#### Give a positive image of yourself

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 your organisation's standards for appearance and behaviour
- K2 your organisation's guidelines for how to recognise what your customer wants and respond appropriately
- K3 your organisation's rules and procedures regarding the methods of communication you use
- K4 how to recognise when a customer is angry or confused
- K5 your organisation's standards for timeliness in responding to customer questions and requests for information

## SfS 5

### Give a positive image of yourself

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**Developed by** Skills for Security

---

**Version number** 1

---

**Date approved** May 2010

---

**Indicative review date** May 2013

---

**Validity** Current

---

**Status** Original

---

**Originating organisation** Skills for Security

---

**Original URN**

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**FM position**

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**Relevant occupations**

# SfS 6

## Work effectively with other agencies



---

### Overview

This standard is about developing and sustaining effective working relationships with staff in other agencies.

This unit includes the following activities:

1. Develop effective working with staff in other agencies
2. Sustain effective working with staff in other agencies

### Target Group

This standard is designed to be applicable to most people who work in the security sector and who routinely work with people from other agencies.

## SfS 6

### Work effectively with other agencies

---

#### Performance criteria

#### Develop effective working with staff in other agencies

*You must be able to:*

- P1 understand the roles and responsibilities of the different people and agencies you will be working with
- P2 agree and record arrangements for joint working that are:
  - P2.1 appropriate to the nature and purpose of the work,
  - P2.2 likely to be effective in achieving their aims
- P3 agree the information that needs to be shared, the reasons for this and how to maintain the security of information
- P4 discuss and agree how and when the joint work will be monitored and reviewed

#### Sustain effective working with staff in other agencies

*You must be able to:*

- P5 undertake your role in the joint working in a way that is consistent with agreements made, your own job role and relevant policies and standards
- P6 interact with people in the other agency in ways which:
  - P6.1 encourage effective relationships and participation,
  - P6.2 respect their views, roles and responsibilities,
  - P6.3 promote equality and value diversity,
  - P6.4 acknowledge the value of joint working
- P7 represent your agency's views and policies in a clear and constructive way
- P8 identify any tensions and issues in the joint working and seek to address them with the people involved
- P9 seek appropriate support when you are having difficulty working effectively with staff in other agencies

## SfS 6

### Work effectively with other agencies

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#### Knowledge and understanding

#### Legal and organisational requirements

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 the relevant legislation, organisational policies and procedures that apply to joint working and how they must affect what you need to do

#### Develop and sustain effective working with staff in other agencies

*You need to know and understand:*

- K2 the nature and purpose of the sector
- K3 the roles and functions of the main agencies within the sector and their broad structures, methods of communication and decision making processes
- K4 how agency structure and culture can affect joint working
- K5 the principles and benefits of joint working between different agencies
- K6 the factors likely to hinder joint working (such as stereotyping, discrimination)
- K7 the reasons for reaching agreement on how joint working is to take place when different individuals become involved and in clarifying roles and responsibilities
- K8 effective methods of identifying and resolving tensions and issues
- K9 your own competence in joint working and when to seek further support
- K10 methods of reviewing the effectiveness of joint working relationships

## SfS 6

### Work effectively with other agencies

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**Developed by** Skills for Security

---

**Version number** 1

---

**Date approved** May 2010

---

**Indicative review date** May 2013

---

**Validity** Current

---

**Status** Original

---

**Originating organisation** Skills for Security

---

**Original URN**

---

**FM position**

---

**Relevant occupations**

## SfS 9

# Develop productive working relationships with colleagues and stakeholders



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### Overview

This standard is about developing productive working relationships with colleagues, within your own organisation and within other organisations with which your organisation works, and with identified stakeholders.

It involves being aware of the roles, responsibilities, interests and concerns of colleagues and stakeholders and working with and supporting them in various ways. The need to monitor and review the effectiveness of working relationships with colleagues and stakeholders is also a key requirement of this unit.

‘Colleagues’ are any people you are expected to work with, whether they are at a similar position or in other positions in terms of level of responsibility, including your manager.

For the purpose of this unit, ‘Stakeholders’ refers to individuals or organisations that have a material, legal or political interest in or who may be affected by the activities and performance of your organisation.

This standard is imported from the Management Standards Centre (MSC) Management and Learning suite of standards where it appears as Unit D2.

This unit includes the following activity:

1. Develop productive working relationships with colleagues and stakeholders

### Target Group

Colleagues, within your own organisation and within other organisations with which your organisation works, and with identified stakeholders.

This standard is imported from the Management Standards Centre (MSC) Management and Learning suite of standards where it appears as Unit D2.

## SfS 9

### Develop productive working relationships with colleagues and stakeholders

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#### Performance criteria

#### Develop productive working relationships with colleagues and stakeholders

*You must be able to:*

- P1 identify stakeholders and the background to and nature of their interest in the activities and performance of the organisation
- P2 establish working relationships with relevant colleagues and stakeholders
- P3 recognise and respect the roles, responsibilities, interests and concerns of colleagues and stakeholders and particularly in situations of matrix management, and their managers' requirements
- P4 create an environment of trust and mutual respect where you have no authority, or share authority, over those you are working with
- P5 understand difficult situations and issues from your colleague's perspective and provide support, where necessary, to move things forward
- P6 provide colleagues and stakeholders with appropriate information to enable them to perform effectively
- P7 consult colleagues and stakeholders in relation to key decisions and activities and take account of their views, including their priorities, expectations and attitudes to potential risks
- P8 fulfil agreements made with colleagues and stakeholders and let them know
- P9 advise colleagues and stakeholders promptly of any difficulties or where it will be impossible to fulfil agreements
- P10 identify and sort out conflicts of interest and disagreements with colleagues and stakeholders in ways that minimise damage to work and activities and to the individuals and organisations involved
- P11 monitor and review the effectiveness of working relationships with colleagues and stakeholders, seeking and providing feedback, in order to identify areas for improvement
- P12 monitor wider developments in order to identify issues of potential interest or concern to stakeholders in the future and to identify new stakeholders

## SfS 9

# Develop productive working relationships with colleagues and stakeholders

### Knowledge and understanding

### General knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 the benefits of developing productive working relationships with colleagues and stakeholders
- K2 different types of stakeholders and key principles which underpin the 'stakeholder' concept
- K3 how to identify your organisation's stakeholders, including background information and the nature of their interest in your organisation
- K4 principles of effective communication and how to apply them in order to communicate effectively with colleagues and stakeholders
- K5 why it is important to recognise and respect the roles, responsibilities, interests and concerns of colleagues and stakeholders
- K6 the importance of creating an environment of trust and mutual respect where you have no authority, or shared authority, over those you are working with
- K7 the importance of understanding difficult situations and issues from your colleague's perspective and providing support, where necessary, to move things forward
- K8 how to identify and meet the information needs of colleagues and stakeholders
- K9 what information it is appropriate to provide to colleagues and stakeholders and the factors that need to be taken into consideration
- K10 how to consult with colleagues and stakeholders in relation to key decisions and activities
- K11 the importance of taking account, and being seen to take account, of the views of colleagues and stakeholders, particularly in relation to their priorities, expectations and attitudes to potential risks
- K12 why communication with colleagues and stakeholders on fulfilment of agreements or any problems affecting or preventing fulfilment is important
- K13 how to identify conflicts of interest with colleagues and stakeholders and the techniques that can be used to manage or remove them
- K14 how to identify disagreements with colleagues and stakeholders and the techniques for sorting them out
- K15 the damage with conflicts of interest and disagreements with colleagues and stakeholders can cause to individuals and organisations
- K16 how to take account of diversity issues when developing working relationships with colleagues and stakeholders
- K17 how to recognise and take account of political issues when dealing with colleagues and stakeholders
- K18 how to manage the expectations of colleagues and stakeholders
- K19 how to monitor and review the effectiveness of working relationships with colleagues and stakeholders
- K20 how to get and make effective use of feedback on the effectiveness of

## SfS 9

### Develop productive working relationships with colleagues and stakeholders

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working relationships from colleagues and stakeholders

- K21 how to provide colleagues and stakeholders with useful feedback on the effectiveness of working relationships
- K22 the importance of monitoring wider developments in relation to stakeholders and how to do so effectively

#### **Security specific knowledge and understanding**

*You need to know and understand:*

- K23 current and emerging political, economic, social, technological, environmental and legal developments in your area within security
- K24 legislation, regulations, guidelines and codes of practice relevant to your area of security
- K25 standards of behaviour and performance in your area of security
- K26 the culture of your area of security
- K27 developments, issues and concerns of importance to stakeholders in your area of security

#### **Context specific knowledge and understanding**

*You need to know and understand:*

- K28 the vision, values, objectives, plans, structure and culture of your organisation
- K29 relevant colleagues, their work roles and responsibilities
- K30 identified stakeholders, their background and interest in the activities and performance of the organisation
- K31 agreements with colleagues and stakeholders
- K32 the identified information needs of colleagues and stakeholders
- K33 mechanisms for consulting with colleagues and stakeholders on key decisions and activities
- K34 the organisation's planning and decision making processes
- K35 mechanisms for communicating with colleagues and stakeholders
- K36 power, influence and politics within the organisation
- K37 standards of behaviour and performance that are expected in the organisation
- K38 mechanisms in place for monitoring and reviewing the effectiveness of working relationships with colleagues and stakeholders

## SfS 9

Develop productive working relationships with colleagues and stakeholders

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**Developed by** Management Standards Centre

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**Version number** 1

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**Date approved** April 2009

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**Indicative review date**

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**Validity**

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**Status** Original

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**Originating organisation** Management Standards Centre

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**Original URN** D2

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**FM position**

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**Relevant occupations**

# SfS 10

## Provide leadership for your team



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### Overview

This standard is about providing direction to the members of your team and motivating and supporting them to achieve the objectives of the team and their personal work objectives.

This unit includes the following activity:

1. Provide leadership for your team

### Target Group

Members of your team.

This standard is imported from the Management Standards Centre (MSC) Management and Leadership suite of standards where it appears as unit B5.

## SfS 10

### Provide leadership for your team

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#### Performance criteria

#### Provide leadership for your team

*You must be able to:*

- P1 set out and positively communicate the purpose and objectives of the team to all members
- P2 involve members in planning how the team will achieve its objectives
- P3 ensure that each member of the team has personal work objectives and understands how achieving these will contribute to achievement of the team's objectives
- P4 encourage and support team members to achieve their personal work objectives and those of the team and provide recognition when objectives have been achieved
- P5 win, through your performance, the trust and support of the team for your leadership
- P6 steer the team successfully through difficulties and challenges, including conflict, diversity and inclusion issues within the team
- P7 encourage and recognise creativity and innovation within the team
- P8 give team members support and advice when they need it especially during periods of setback and change
- P9 motivate team members to present their own ideas and listen to what they say
- P10 encourage team members to take the lead when they have the knowledge and expertise and show willingness to follow this lead
- P11 monitor activities and progress across the team without interfering

# SfS 10

## Provide leadership for your team

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

#### General knowledge and understanding

- K1 different ways of communicating effectively with members of a team
- K2 how to set objectives which are smart (specific, measurable, achievable, realistic and time-bound)
- K3 how to plan the achievement of team objectives and the importance of involving team members in this process
- K4 the importance of and being able to show team members how personal work objectives contribute to achievement of team objectives
- K5 that different styles of leadership exist
- K6 how to select and successfully apply a limited range of different methods for motivating, supporting and encouraging team members and recognising their achievements
- K7 types of difficulties and challenges that may arise, including conflict, diversity and inclusion issues within the team, and ways of identifying and overcoming them
- K8 the importance of encouraging others to take the lead and ways in which this can be achieved
- K9 the benefits of and how to encourage and recognise creativity and innovation within a team

#### Security specific knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K10 legal, regulatory and ethical requirements in security

#### Context specific knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K11 the members, purpose, objectives and plans of your team
- K12 the personal work objectives of members of your team
- K13 the types of support and advice that team members are likely to need and how to respond to these
- K14 standards of performance for the work of your team

## SfS 10

### Provide leadership for your team

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**Developed by** Management Standards Centre

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**Version number** 1

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**Date approved** April 2009

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**Indicative review date**

---

**Validity**

---

**Status** Original

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**Originating organisation** Management Standards Centre

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**Original URN** B5

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**FM position**

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**Relevant occupations**

## SfS 11

# Ensure compliance with legal, regulatory, ethical and social requirements



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### Overview

Organisations must show that they act responsibly in relation to their staff, customers, investors and the communities in which they work. All types of organisations must obey the law in key areas such as health and safety, employment, finance and company law. Many organisations also have to work within specific regulations for their industry and ethical frameworks.

Organisations who want to maintain a good reputation also have to take account of the views of people in their communities on a whole range of issues such as the environment and other ways in which the organisation affects people's quality of life.

This unit includes the following activity:

1. Ensure compliance with legal, regulatory, ethical and social requirements

### Target Group

Responsible organisations. All types of organisations must obey the law in key areas such as health and safety, employment, finance and company law.

This standard is imported from the Management Standards Centre (MSC) Management and Leadership suite of standards where it appears as Unit B8.

## SfS 11

### Ensure compliance with legal, regulatory, ethical and social requirements

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#### Performance criteria

#### Ensure compliance with legal, regulatory, ethical and social requirements

*You must be able to:*

- P1 monitor the relevant national and international legal, regulatory, ethical and social requirements and the effect they have on your area of responsibility, including what will happen if you don't meet them
- P2 develop effective policies and procedures to make sure your organisation meets all the necessary requirements
- P3 make sure relevant people have a clear understanding of the policies and procedures and the importance of putting them into practice
- P4 monitor the way policies and procedures are put into practice and provide support
- P5 encourage a climate of openness about meeting and not meeting the requirements
- P6 identify and correct any failures to meet the requirements
- P7 identify reasons for not meeting requirements and adjust the policies and procedures to reduce the likelihood of failures in the future
- P8 provide full reports about any failures to meet the requirements to the relevant stakeholders

## SfS 11

### Ensure compliance with legal, regulatory, ethical and social requirements

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#### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

#### General knowledge and understanding

- K1 the importance of having an ethical and value-based approach to governance and how to put this into practice
- K2 relevant legal requirements governing the running of organisations
- K3 current and emerging social attitudes to management and leadership practice and the importance of being sensitive to these

#### Security specific knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K4 legal, regulatory and ethical requirements in your sector both national and international
- K5 procedures to follow if you do not meet the requirements
- K6 particular current and emerging social concerns and expectations that are relevant to your sector
- K7 ways in which other organisations deal with current and emerging social concerns and expectations

#### Context specific knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K8 the culture and values of your organisation and what effect they have on corporate governance
- K9 policies and procedures that make sure people meet the requirements
- K10 the processes for maintaining the relevant policies and procedures and making sure they continue to be effective and sustainable
- K11 the different ways in which people may not meet the requirements and the risks of these actually happening
- K12 the procedures for dealing with people who do not meet the requirements, including requirements for reporting

## SfS 11

Ensure compliance with legal, regulatory, ethical and social requirements

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**Developed by** Management Standards Centre

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**Version number** 1

---

**Date approved** April 2009

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**Indicative review date**

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**Validity**

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**Status** Original

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**Originating organisation** Management Standards Centre

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**Original URN** B8

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**FM position**

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**Relevant occupations**

## SfS 13

# Manage your own resources and professional development



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### Overview

This standard is about managing your personal resources (particularly knowledge, understanding, skills, experience and time) and your professional development in order to achieve your work objectives and your career and personal goals.

You need to understand your work role and how it fits into the overall vision and objectives of the organisation whilst also understanding what is driving you in terms of your values and your career and wider personal aspirations.

Identifying and addressing gaps in your skills and knowledge and understanding is an essential aspect of this standard.

This unit includes the following activity:

1. Manage your own resources and professional development

### Target Group

Everyone working in the private security business sector.

This standard is imported from the Management Standards Centre (MSC) Management and Learning suite of standards where it appears as Unit A2.

## SfS 13

### Manage your own resources and professional development

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#### Performance criteria

#### Manage your own resources and professional development

*You must be able to:*

- P1 evaluate, at appropriate intervals, the current and future requirements of your work-role taking account of the vision and objectives of your organisation
- P2 consider your values and your career and personal goals and identify information which is relevant to your work role and professional development
- P3 discuss and agree personal work objectives with those you report to and how you will measure progress
- P4 identify the learning styles which work best for you and ensure that you take these into account in identifying and undertaking development activities
- P5 identify any gaps between the current and future requirements of your work-role and your current knowledge, understanding and skills
- P6 discuss and agree, with those you report to, a development plan to address any identified gaps in your current knowledge, understanding and skills and support your own career and personal goals
- P7 undertake the activities identified in your development plan and evaluate their contribution to your performance
- P8 review and update your personal work objectives and development plan in the light of performance, any development activities undertaken and any wider changes
- P9 get regular and useful feedback on your performance from those who are in a good position to judge it and provide objective and valid feedback
- P10 ensure that your performance consistently meets or goes beyond agreed requirements

## SfS 13

# Manage your own resources and professional development

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

#### General knowledge and understanding

- K1 the principles which underpin professional development
- K2 the importance of considering your values and career and personal goals and how to relate them to your job role and professional development
- K3 how to evaluate the current requirements of a work role and how the requirements may evolve in the future
- K4 how to set objectives which are smart (specific, measurable, achievable, realistic and time-bound)
- K5 how to identify development needs to address any identified gaps between the requirements of your work-role and your current knowledge, understanding and skills
- K6 what an effective development plan should contain and the length of time that it should cover
- K7 the range of different learning style(s) and how to identify the style(s) which work(s) best for you
- K8 the type of development activities which can be undertaken to address identified gaps in your knowledge, understanding and skills
- K9 how to identify whether/how development activities have contributed to your performance
- K10 how to update work objectives and development plans in the light of performance, feedback received, any development activities undertaken and any wider changes
- K11 monitoring the quality of your work and your progress against requirements and plans
- K12 how to evaluate your performance against the requirements of your work-role
- K13 how to identify and use good sources of feedback on your performance

#### Security specific knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K14 requirements for the development or maintenance of knowledge, skills and understanding and continuing professional development within the security industry

#### Context specific knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K15 the requirements of your work-role including the limits of your responsibilities
- K16 the vision and objectives of your organisation
- K17 your own values and career and personal goals
- K18 your personal work objective
- K19 your preferred learning style(s)

## **SfS 13**

### **Manage your own resources and professional development**

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- K20 your current knowledge, understanding and skills
- K21 identified gaps in your current knowledge, understanding and skills
- K22 your personal development plan
- K23 available development opportunities and resources in your organisation
- K24 your organisation's policy and procedures in terms of personal development
- K25 reporting lines in your organisation
- K26 possible sources of feedback in your organisation

## SfS 13

### Manage your own resources and professional development

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**Developed by** Management Standards Centre

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**Version number** 1

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**Date approved** April 2009

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**Indicative review date**

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**Validity**

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**Status** Original

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**Originating organisation** Management Standards Centre

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**Original URN** A2

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**FM position**

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**Relevant occupations**

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### Overview

This standard is about promoting equality and valuing the diversity of people. This is an essential aspect of all jobs in the security sector and is appropriate to people working at all levels and in all posts. It should form the basis of everything that any worker in the sector does.

The term 'people' is used broadly to cover any child, adult, group, community or agency that workers come into contact with, either directly or indirectly. It includes members of the public, individuals who are clients of the security sector, and colleagues in the workplace.

This unit includes the following activity:

1. Promote equality and value diversity

### Target Group

This is an essential aspect of all jobs in the security sector and is appropriate to people working at all levels and in all posts. It should form the basis of everything that any worker in the sector does.

# SfS 14

## Promote equality and value diversity

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### Performance criteria

### Promote equality and value diversity

*You must be able to:*

- P1 act in accordance with legislation, employment regulations and policies, and codes of practice related to promoting equality and valuing diversity
- P2 act in ways that:
  - P2.1 acknowledge and recognise individuals' background and beliefs,
  - P2.2 respect diversity,
  - P2.3 value people as individuals,
  - P2.4 do not discriminate against people
- P3 provide individuals with the information they need to make informed decisions about exercising their rights
- P4 provide information in a format appropriate to the individual
- P5 take account of how your behaviour affects individuals and their experience of your organisation's culture and approach
- P6 seek feedback from individuals on your behaviour and use this to improve what you do in the future
- P7 challenge people when they are not promoting equality and valuing diversity
- P8 actively help others to promote equality and value diversity
- P9 seek support from appropriate sources when you are having difficulty understanding how to promote equality and value diversity

## SfS 14

### Promote equality and value diversity

#### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

#### Promote equality and value diversity

- K1 the legislation, employment regulations and policies, and codes of practice that apply to the promotion of equality and diversity and how you need to apply these
- K2 the benefits of diversity and the promotion of equality
- K3 the wide variety of forms that discrimination may take and how these manifest themselves
- K4 how inequality and discrimination affects individuals, groups and communities and society as a whole
- K5 why the promotion of equality and valuing of diversity is of vital importance if you are to work effectively in the security sector
- K6 what the promotion of equality and valuing of diversity means to you in your day-to-day work
- K7 how you can promote equality and diversity whilst protecting people from the risk of harm
- K8 your own areas for personal growth in relation to promoting equality and valuing diversity and how this will benefit you as an individual
- K9 the effect of cultural differences on verbal and non-verbal communication
- K10 how to behave and communicate in ways that:
  - K10.1 support equality and diversity
  - K10.2 do not exclude or offend people
  - K10.3 challenge discrimination effectively
  - K10.4 respect individuals' differences
  - K10.5 do not abuse the status and power that you have
- K11 how your behaviour contributes to your organisation's culture and your responsibility for developing a positive culture for all
- K12 how joint working with other agencies and workers can help in the promotion of diversity
- K13 how to provide the information that individuals are entitled to receive and ensure it is clear and helpful
- K14 the actions (yours and other's) that undermine equality and diversity and what to do about this (including when these people are senior to you)
- K15 what to do about systems and structures when they do not promote equality and value diversity
- K16 the actions you can take to help other people promote equality and value diversity and how to do this effectively
- K17 the actions you can take to value the people you are interacting with and enable them to interact with you
- K18 why you should seek support when you are having difficulty promoting equality and valuing diversity, where this support can be gained and how to use it effectively

## SfS 14

### Promote equality and value diversity

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**Developed by** Skills for Security

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**Version number** 1

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**Date approved** May 2010

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**Indicative review date** May 2013

---

**Validity** Current

---

**Status** Original

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**Originating organisation** Skills for Security

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**Original URN**

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**FM position**

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**Relevant occupations**

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### Overview

This standard addresses the responsibilities of everyone at work for minimising risks to the environment as a result of work activities. It describes the competences required to make sure that:

- your own actions do not increase risk to the environment
- you do not ignore significant risks to the environment and
- you take sensible action to put things right, including reporting risks, and seeking advice

This unit includes the following activities:

1. Identify the risks to the environment arising as a result of workplace activities
2. Minimise risks to the environment arising as a result of workplace activities

### Target Group

This is relevant to all jobs in the security sector and is appropriate to people working at all levels and in all posts.

## SfS 16

### Assess and address risk to the environment

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#### Performance criteria

*You must be able to:*

#### Identify the risks to the environment arising as a result of workplace activities

- P1 identify the people in the workplace to whom you should report environmental matters
- P2 make sure you are up-to-date on environmentally-friendly working practices which are relevant to your workplace
- P3 identify any current working practices in your job role which could cause harm to the environment
- P4 identify any materials, products or equipment used in any part of your job role which could cause harm to the environment
- P5 report any differences between legal regulations and workplace instructions and the actual use of materials or products hazardous to the environment
- P6 promptly report to the people responsible for environmental matters the hazards which present high risks

#### Minimise risks to the environment arising as a result of workplace activities

*you must be able to:*

- P7 follow the relevant legal requirements and workplace environmental instructions for your job role
- P8 within your capability and the scope of your job responsibilities, control the environmental hazards
- P9 promptly report risks to the environment that you are unable to deal with
- P10 pass on any suggestions for limiting risks to the environment to the responsible person
- P11 follow suppliers', manufacturers' and workplace instructions for the safe use and storage of materials, products and equipment
- P12 follow the correct instructions for handling materials and products which can be hazardous to the environment
- P13 follow the correct instructions for disposing of materials and products which can be hazardous to the environment

# SfS 16

## Assess and address risk to the environment

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### Knowledge and understanding

### Assess and address risk to the environment

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 the legislation relating to environmental matters which affect your workplace
- K2 your responsibilities for the environment as defined by any specific legislation covering your job role
- K3 the particular risks to the environment which may be present in your workplace and/or in your own job role
- K4 how to use resources and materials effectively and efficiently
- K5 the importance of remaining alert to the presence of hazards to the environment in the whole work place
- K6 the importance of dealing with, or promptly reporting, risks to the environment
- K7 the substances and processes categorised as hazardous to the environment
- K8 workplace instructions, precautions and procedures relating to the control of risks to the environment
- K9 the responsibilities for items (materials/equipment) which can be hazardous to the environment detailed in your job description
- K10 the responsible people to whom to report environmental matters
- K11 the specific workplace environmental instructions covering your job role
- K12 suppliers', manufacturers' and workplace instructions for the use of equipment, materials and products which can be hazardous to the environment
- K13 working practices for your own job role
- K14 correct handling instructions for materials which can be hazardous to the environment
- K15 your responsibility for controlling hazards to the environment
- K16 workplace instructions for handling hazards to the environment which you are unable to deal with

## SfS 16

### Assess and address risk to the environment

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**Developed by** Skills for Security

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**Version number** 1

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**Date approved** May 2010

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**Indicative review date** May 2013

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**Validity** Current

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**Status** Original

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**Originating organisation** Skills for Security

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**Original URN**

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**FM position**

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**Relevant occupations**

# SfS 17

## Use radio communications effectively



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### Overview

This standard is about operating radio communications effectively, including the transmission and reception of radio communications.

This unit includes the following activity:

1. Use radio communications effectively

### Target Group

This standard applies to individuals required to communicate effectively using radio communications.

# SfS 17

## Use radio communications effectively

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### Performance criteria

### Use radio communications effectively

*You must be able to:*

- P1 operate radio equipment in line with manufacturers' instructions
- P2 respond to, and acknowledge, incoming communication promptly and clearly, using the appropriate terminology and procedures for your organisation
- P3 pass on information to the appropriate people, and who are authorised to receive it, within agreed organisational timescales
- P4 use outgoing communication equipment in line with your organisation's procedures and guidelines
- P5 confirm the information you give is understood by the people receiving it
- P6 use the phonetic alphabet correctly, where required
- P7 comply with statutory regulations in the use of channels and frequency
- P8 comply with regulations and your organisation's procedures when transmitting and receiving radio communications
- P9 report any difficulties in transmitting and receiving information promptly and accurately to the relevant person
- P10 maintain up to date, complete and accurate records of transmitted and received communications

# SfS 17

## Use radio communications effectively

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### Knowledge and understanding

### Use radio communications effectively

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 the impact of regulations affecting the transmitting and receiving of radio communications in both normal and emergency situations
- K2 how to operate the radio communication equipment used within your organisation
- K3 the correct procedures for confirming that the radio communication equipment is working properly, and what to do if it is not
- K4 the limits of your authority and responsibility for passing on information
- K5 the causes of poor transmission or reception, and what action to take to improve communications
- K6 how to follow your organisation's procedures regarding the terminology that should be used, such as the phonetic alphabet, the 24 hour clock, call signs, caller identification and passwords
- K7 your organisation's requirements for reporting difficulties in transmitting information using radio equipment
- K8 your organisation's requirements for recording and retaining records of radio communications

## SfS 17

### Use radio communications effectively

---

**Developed by** Skills for Security

---

**Version number** 1

---

**Date approved** May 2010

---

**Indicative review date** May 2013

---

**Validity** Current

---

**Status** Original

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**Originating organisation** Skills for Security

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**Original URN**

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**FM position**

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**Relevant occupations**

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## Overview

This standard is about showing that you can produce varied text to carry out a range of social tasks. You can, for example; produce a range of business correspondence, structure and produce reports, expressing both facts and opinions, or produce operating instructions for familiar pieces of equipment.

You can produce text of varying lengths and adapt your style of writing as appropriate to the subject and readers. Your formal writing is for most part technically accurate. Any errors you make do not interfere with the reader's overall understanding.

This unit includes the following activity:

1. Report writing

### Target Group

This standard applies to individuals required to produce documents as per their company requirements.

This unit has been imported from an approved Pro Skills suite of standards, where it appears as unit AG21.

# SfS 19

## Report writing

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### Performance criteria

### Report writing

*You must be able to:*

- P1 use a variety of expressions and sentence structures to provide factual information
- P2 use a variety of expressions and sentence structures to give instructions or advice
- P3 use a variety of expressions and sentence structures to make enquiries
- P4 use a variety of expressions and sentence structures to express opinions
- P5 modify language and register as appropriate to the context and your relationship with the readers

# SfS 19

## Report writing

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### Knowledge and understanding

### Report writing

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 use a wide variety of work-related and social vocabulary
- K2 use a range of polite forms of address, greeting and leave-taking and expressions of gratitude, regret, apology, annoyance
- K3 use some less commonly used, technical terms relevant to your area of work
- K4 use numerical data
- K5 use a range of structures using the infinitive (or other basic verb root) form, where appropriate to the language
- K6 use the present, past, future and conditional aspects, where appropriate to the language
- K7 use commonly used sentence structures in their positive, negative, imperative and interrogation forms
- K8 use a range of linking language, e.g. 'although', 'provided that...'
- K9 use alternative terms and structures which modify register for different audiences and contexts
- K10 use reference sources (e.g. glossaries, dictionaries) to clarify and confirm meaning as necessary

# SfS 19

## Report writing

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**Developed by** Proskills

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**Version number** 1

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**Date approved** June 2009

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**Indicative review date**

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**Validity**

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**Status** Original

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**Originating organisation** Skills for Security

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**Original URN** AG21

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**FM position**

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**Relevant occupations**